Magnetic and Transistorized Digital Modules

pb Packard

Bell Computer

The TF2 Dual Flip-Flop Module holds two identical and independent Eccles-Jordan flip-flop circuits. The transistors are operated either at cut-off or at saturation. The TF2 is designed primarily for use in counting applications. For this purpose a toggle input is provided which changes the state of the flip-flop each time a suitable positive step is applied. Each side of a TF2 flip-flop can accept inputs from a diode gate or another flip-flop while only one of the two sides can accept an auxiliary input from an IC4 Input Circuit.

### SPECIFICATIONS

#### INPUT

(To set, reset or toggle inputs directly or through diode gates and to auxiliary inputs through IC4, IC2 input circuits)

A positive step with the following characteristics:

Minimum amplitude . . . . . . . . . . . . 8 volts

OUTPUT

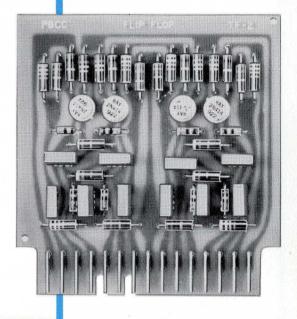
Maximum load per output as a flip-flop:

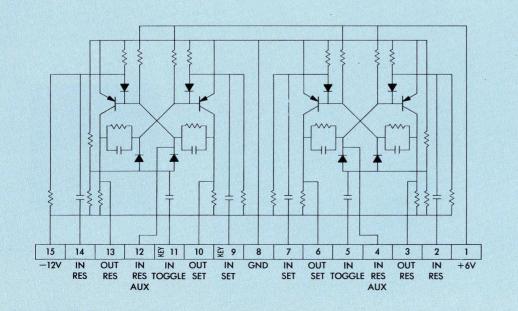
Maximum load per output as a toggle:

POWER REQUIREMENTS FOR ENTIRE MODULE

 -12 volts
 30 milliamperes

 +6 volts
 0.9 milliampere







The TF3 Dual Flip-Flop Module holds two identical and independent Eccles-Jordan flip-flop circuits. The transistors are operated either at cut-off or at saturation. Each side of a TF3 flip-flop has two inputs: one which will accept inputs from a diode gate or another flip-flop, and an auxiliary which will accept inputs from an IC4 Input Circuit.

# SPECIFICATIONS

INPUT (To set, reset inputs directly or through diode gates, and to auxiliary inputs through IC4, IC2 Input Circuits)

A positive step with the following characteristics:

8 volts Maximum rise time . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1 microsecond Maximum repetition rate . . . . . . . . . . . . . 200 kilocycles

OUTPUT

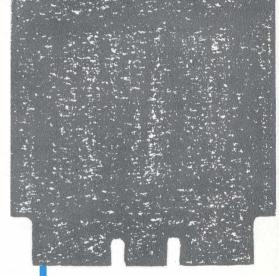
—9 to −12 volts 0 to -0.25 volt Maximum rise time | No load . . . . . . . | Full load . . . . . . . | 0.25 microsecond 1.0 microsecond

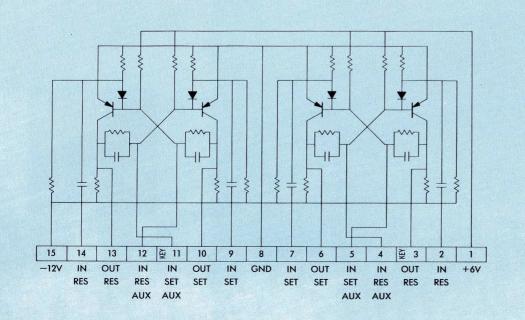
Maximum load per output:

Clocked or d.c. diode gates . . . . . . . . Unclocked diode gates operating 

POWER REQUIREMENTS FOR ENTIRE MODULE

-12 volts . 30 milliamperes 0.9 milliampere +6 volts







The TI3 Amplifier-Inverter Module holds six identical and independent single-stage preloaded amplifier circuits. In addition to providing the logical operation of negation, the TI3 serves to amplify the outputs of flip-flops and diode gates.

### SPECIFICATIONS

#### INPUT

Voltage 1.0 microsecond Maximum rise time Maximum fall time . 2.0 microseconds Maximum repetition rate . . . . . 200 kilocycles

### OUTPUT

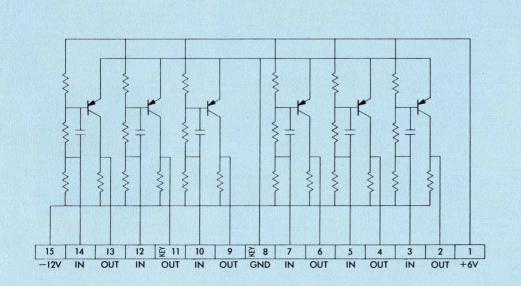
"Zero" 0 to -0.25 volt 0.25 microsecond No load Maximum rise time Full load . 1.0 microsecond 10 diode gates or 30 NOR inputs Maximum load per output .

(When a TI3 inverter is operated from a diode gate the "One" input drops to -7.5 volts and the maximum load becomes 7 gates.)

### POWER REQUIREMENTS FOR ENTIRE MODULE

51 milliamperes with all units at "Zero" 13 milliamperes with all units at "One" 2.4 milliamperes +6 volts . .







The EF1 Emitter-Follower Module holds six identical and independent amplifier circuits. In conjunction with Diode Gate Modules, the EF1 provides for the construction of d.c. OR and AND-OR gates. EF1 outputs, then, may be employed as inputs to other gates so as to provide multilevel gating. The EF1 also can be used to provide a low impedance output for driving long lines and similar devices.

# SPECIFICATIONS

Voltage	∫ "One"		94				•			-9 to $-12$ volts
Voltage <	"Zero"			•	÷			è		0 to -0.25 volt
Maximun	n rise time	Э		 (*)						1 microsecond
DUT										

OUTPUT -8 to -12 volts "Zero" +0.25 to -0.25 volt Maximum rise time 1.5 microseconds

Maximum load per output: Clocked or d.c. diode gates 2 NOR inputs . . . . . . . . . 6

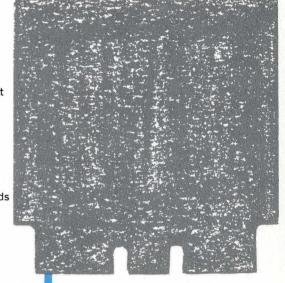
Additional load capability of directly operated emitter-follower:

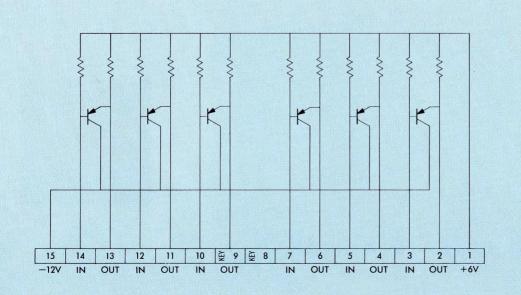
INPUT (Directly or through a d.c. diode gate)

Maximum capacity 1000 micromicrofarads Minimum resistance to ground . . . . . 500 ohms

### POWER REQUIREMENTS FOR ENTIRE MODULE

90 milliamperes with all units at "One"  $-12 \, \mathrm{volts}$ 30 milliamperes with all units at "Zero" 90 milliamperes with all units at "One" +6 volts 30 milliamperes with all units at "Zero"







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The DC1 Decade Counter Module holds four standard flip-flop circuits gated to count from zero through nine in the 8-4-2-1 binary coded decimal code. A reset input is provided and both collectors of each flip-flop are available at the connector. The true output of the most significant bit also serves as a carry signal to subsequent decimal stages. A preset value can be entered from external switches. In an alternate configuration of the DC1, one base and one collector of each flip-flop are made available.

### SPECIFICATIONS

# INPUT (Count and Reset)

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{A}}$  positive step with the following characteristics:

 Minimum amplitude
 8 volts

 Maximum rise time
 1 microsecond

 Maximum count rate
 200 kilocycles

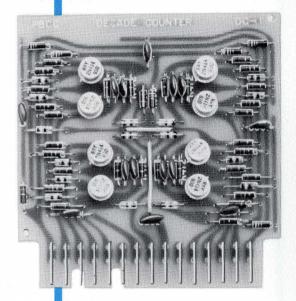
### **OUTPUT**

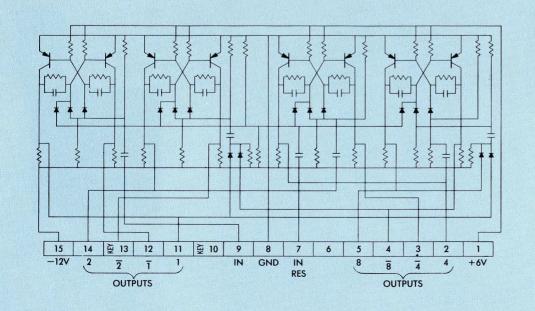
Voltage <	"One" "Zero"					•					-9 to $-12$ volts $0$ to $-0.25$ volt
Maximun	n rise time	• <	1	Vo Ful	loa I lo	ad oad	i				0.25 microsecond 1.0 microsecond

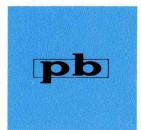
Maximum load per output:

### POWER REQUIREMENTS FOR ENTIRE MODULE

-12 volts		10				,		,		62 milliamperes
+6 volts										1.8 milliamperes



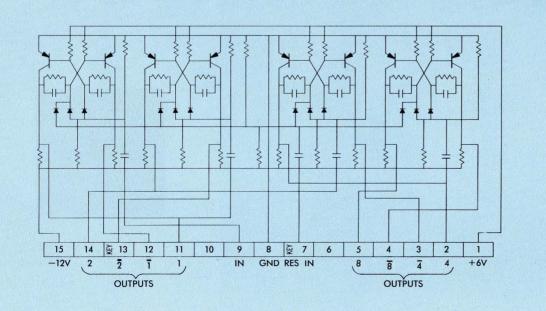




The BC1 Binary Counter Module holds four flip-flop circuits which count from zero through fifteen in pure binary. A reset input is provided and both collectors of each flip-flop are available at the connector. The true output of the most significant bit also serves as a carry signal to subsequent stages. A preset value can be entered from external switches. In an alternate configuration of the BC1, one base and one collector of each flip-flop are made available.

	step with th			_							
Minimum	amplitude										8 volts
Maximum	amplitude rise time										1 microsecond
											200 kilocycles
ОИТРИТ											
V-11 (	"One" .										-9 to $-12$ volts
voitage	"Zero" .										0 to -0.25 volt
		No	loa	ad							0.25 microsecon
Maximum	rise time	Ful	l lo	ad							<ul><li>—9 to −12 volts</li><li>0 to −0.25 volt</li><li>0.25 microsecon</li><li>1.0 microsecon</li></ul>
	load per ou										
Clocked	d or d.c. dic	de g	ate	s							10
	ked diode g										5
	puts										30
POWER REQUIR	EMENTS I	FOR	FN	TIE	₹F	N	O	ווכ	ΙF		
−12 volts											58 milliamperes
											1.8 milliamperes







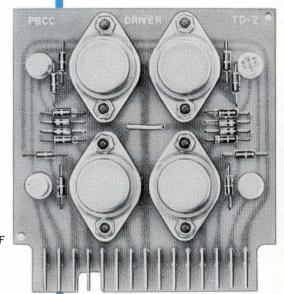
The TD2 Relay or Lamp Driver Module consists of four independent and identical power amplifier circuits that can each provide sufficient current to energize the coil of a d.c. relay or to light an incandescent lamp. An input emitter-follower is included in each amplifier in order to minimize the input power requirements. Diodes are provided to protect the power transistors from inductive surges.

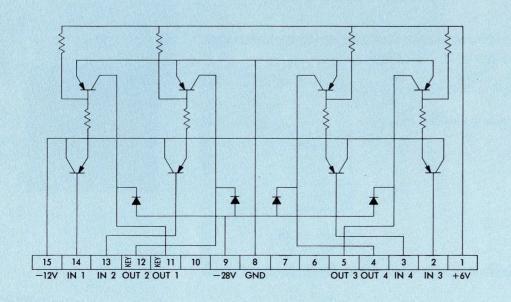
### **SPECIFICATIONS**

# INPUT

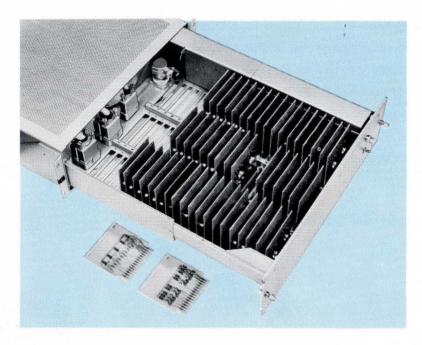
### **OUTPUT**

# POWER REQUIREMENTS FOR ENTIRE MODULE









The Mounting Case for the Packard Bell Computer Corporation Digital Modules holds 72 cards and, if required, an internal Power Supply. This facilitates the construction of small digital systems economically and with a minimum of special design.

The Mounting Case requires 5½ inches of a standard relay rack. Space is provided for input and output connectors, and plastic channels serve to hold and protect inter-row wiring. Top and bottom dust covers are apertured to permit vertical cooling.

Up to 60 Amperex 6977 indicators can be mounted on the front panel. These are low power devices that require very small signals and so represent no additional load on the drive circuits.

The Power Supply is completely Solid State and is mounted with two screws. It will power both the Packard Bell Computer Corporation's Medium Frequency and High Frequency Transistorized Modules. An additional tandem supply is required for the Magnetic Modules or -28V may be supplied externally. Both the +6V and the -12Vsupplies have controls which permit voltage variations that are adequate for the marginal checking of the digital modules. Supply voltages to power the indicators are included.

The MC72 is normally supplied without module connectors.

Blank Circuit Cards, with connectors, and Card Extenders are also available.

### SPECIFICATIONS

#### **INPUT**

105 to 125 volts, 50 to 60 cycle single phase a.c. power

Regulated voltages for plug-in modules:

+6 volts d.c.		÷		•		¥			0.5 amperes
─12 volts d.c.									
Load regulation									$\pm 1$ per cent
Line regulation									$\pm 1$ per cent
Ripple	٠		٠						0.8 per cent peak to peak
Efficiency									55 per cent

Unregulated power for indicators:

+50 volts d.c. . . . . . 80 milliamperes 1.8 amperes



The TO3 Dual One-Shot Multivibrator Module holds two identical and independent circuits that functionally can also serve as triggered blocking oscillators. A potentiometer in each circuit provides a fine adjustment over a 3 to 1 range. The coarse range is determined by a capacitor on the board that may operate in conjunction with an external capacitor for which connections are provided. This procedure maintains the absolute interchangeability of all modules with identical keying.

# SPECIFICATIONS

### INPUT

### **OUTPUT**

UT											
Voltage	"One"										-10 to $-12$ volts 0 to $-0.25$ volt
voitage	"Zero"								,		0 to −0.25 volt
Maximum	rise time								,		0.5 microsecond
Maximum	load per	out	out	: '							
Diode	gates . nputs .										4
NOR in	nputs .										12
Delay ran	ge (no ext	erna	l c	apa	aci	ty)		•			$1-3\ \mathrm{microseconds}$
<b>Approxim</b>											
10-3	0 microse	cond	sk								0.005 microfarad
0.1 - 0	.3 millise	cond	t								0.05 microfarad

 10—30 microseconds
 0.005 microfarad

 0.1—0.3 millisecond
 0.05 microfarad

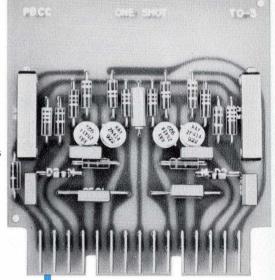
 1—3 milliseconds
 0.5 microfarad

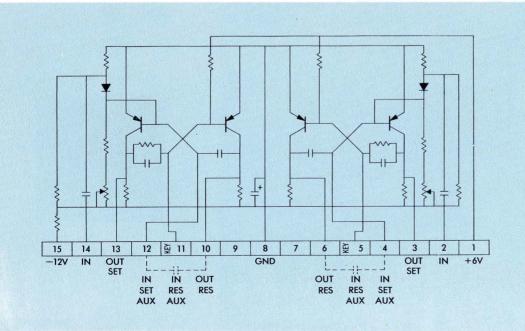
 10—30 milliseconds
 5.0 microfarads

 0.1—0.3 second
 50 microfarads

# POWER REQUIREMENTS FOR ENTIRE MODULE

−12 volts									51 milliamperes
+6 volts									0.8 milliampere





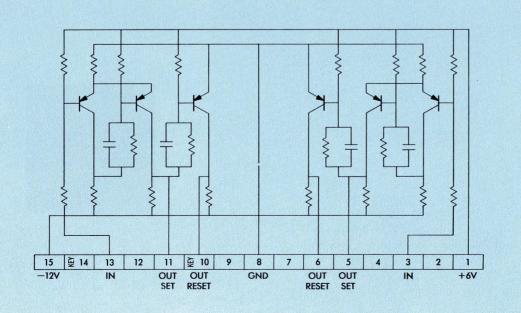


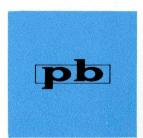
# Packard Bell Computer 1905 Armacost Avenue • Los Angeles 25, Calif. • GRanite 8-4247

The ST1 Dual Schmitt Trigger Module holds two identical and independent trigger circuits that are designed to provide reshaping of degenerated waveforms and sensing of d.c. levels. In order to permit heavier loading, an output amplifier is included in each circuit.

OI LOII IOAI IOIIO	
INPUT	
Maximum voltage range $\dots \dots \dots \dots \pm 20$ volts	
Threshold level	olts
Maximum frequency 200 kilocycles	
OUTPUT	
("One" −9 to −12 volts	š
Voltage $\langle \dots \rangle$ Set Outputs (Pins 11 and 5) $-0.8$ to $-1.5$ vo	olts
Voltage $\begin{cases} \text{"One"} & -9 \text{ to } -12 \text{ volts} \\ \text{"Zero"} \end{cases}$ Set Outputs (Pins 11 and 5) . $-0.8 \text{ to } -1.5 \text{ volts} $ Reset Outputs (Pins 10 and 6) . $-0.25 \text{ volts} $	lt
Maximum rise time 1 microsecond	
Maximum load per Set Output:	
Diode Gates	
NOR inputs 9	
Maximum load per Reset Output:	
Diode Gates	
NOR inputs	
POWER REQUIREMENTS FOR ENTIRE MODULE	
-12 volts	
+6 volts 2.2 milliamper	es



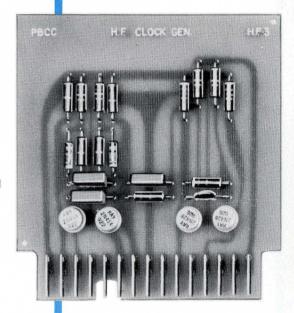


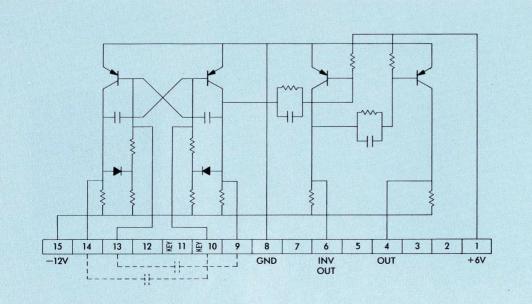


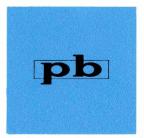
The HF3 Clock Generator and Multivibrator Module consists of a self-starting astable multivibrator circuit and a two-stage amplifier. The multivibrator frequency is nominally set at 100 kilocycles. Contacts are provided for an external capacitor if a lower frequency is required.

UUI	PUI

OUTF	TUY														
	Valtage	"One"		7.47			7411							21-6	-10 to −12 volts
	voitage	"Zero													0 to -0.25 volt
	Maximum	load						3.63							-10 to -12 volts 0 to -0.25 volt 30 diode gates
	Maximum	rice tim	. )	N	o lo	ad								7.	0.1 microsecond
	Maximum	rise tili	ie )	FL	ıll I	oac	1.						•	*	0.8 microsecond
	Maximum														200 kilocycles
	Standard r	epetitio	on ra	ite .						1.0					100 kilocycles
	Approximato reduce					nal	са	pa	cit	ors					
	10 kild	cycles			,									÷	0.005 microfarad
	1 kilo	cycle .	. sec							100					0.05 microfarad
	100 cyc	les			١.			·			•	•		u.	0.5 microfarad
	10 cyc	les									٠				5.0 microfarads
	1 cyc	le													50.0 microfarads
POWE	R REQUIR	EMENT	S												
	$-12  \mathrm{volts}$	c.'.'.						÷					A		37 milliamperes
	$+6\mathrm{volts}$ .														0.8 milliampere
	+6 volts.	* * *	•	× .					٠		į.		U.D.)	•	0.8 milliampere





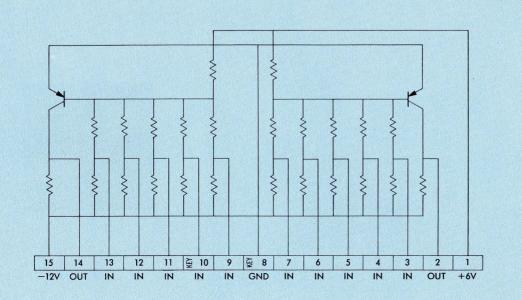


The NE1 Dual NOR Module holds two independent and identical NOR circuits. Each NOR circuit has five inputs preloaded to present a more natural load for PNP transistor flip-flops and amplifiers. The NOR circuit can be operated by the TF2 or TF3 flip-flop, by the TI3 amplifier, as well as by other NOR elements. In turn, the NOR element can drive diode gates as well as other NOR modules. The NE1 is particularly applicable in the construction of large decoding matrices.

INPUT	,*
Voltage { ''One''	 -8 to $-12$ volts 0 to $-0.25$ volt
Unused inputs must be connected to ground	
OUTPUT	
Voltage { "One"	 -8 to $-12$ volts
'Zero'	 0 to −0.25 volt
Maximum inherent switching time	 10 microseconds
Maximum load per output:	
NOR elements	 9
NOR elements  Clocked or d.c. diode gates	 3
POWER REQUIREMENTS FOR ENTIRE MODULE	



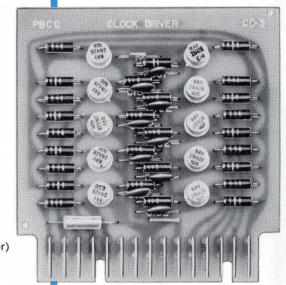


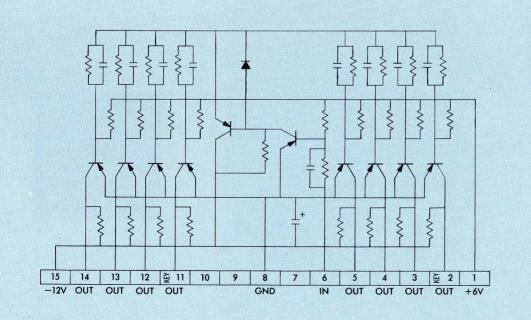


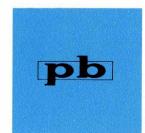


The CD3 Clock Driver Module is a multi-output amplifier which accepts a single input signal from a suitable clock source, shapes it, and provides a high power output. The input signal can be provided by an HF3, a TI3 or any other source fulfilling the input requirements. The CD3 is designed to drive up to 400 gates.

INPUT										4.
Voltage {	"One" . "Zero" .						٠			-8 to $-12$ volts 0 to $-1$ volt 1 microsecond
Maximum	rise time							2.00		1 microsecond
Maximum	repetition ra	ate			ď				×	200 kilocycles
ОИТРИТ										
Voltage {	"One" . "Zero" .									-10 to −12 volts 0 to −0.25 volt
Maximum	load per out	tput								50 diode gates
Maximum	rise time $\left\{  ight.$	No load Full loa	d.	,		3.00				-10 to -12 volts 0 to -0.25 volt 50 diode gates 0.1 microsecond 1 microsecond
POWER REQUIR										
—12 volts	s					,		(A)	/er	100 milliamperes age for 50% duty factor
+6 volts										



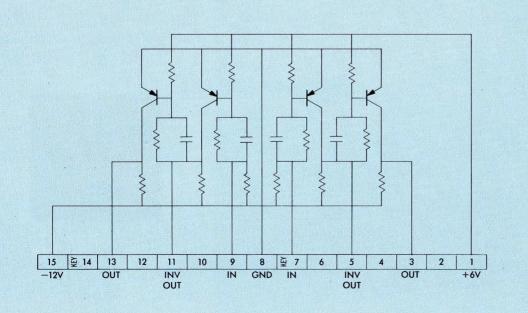




The CS1 Dual Clock Shaper Module holds two identical and independent amplifiers which provide shaping and power amplification for clock signals. The input signal can be provided by an HF3, a TI3, or any other source fulfilling the input requirements. The CS1 is designed to drive up to 30 gates from each amplifier.

NPL														
	Voltage ∫ "One"												0.00	-8 to $-12$ volts 0 to $-1$ volt
	''Zero''						•		٠,		140			0 to $-1$ volt
	Maximum rise time Maximum repetition	е.			,				.,	,		9		1 microsecond
	Maximum repetition	n ra	te										3.6	200 kilocycles
OUT	PUT													
10	√-'' ∫ "One"							×					3.0	-10 to $-12$ volts
	voltage \( "Zero"			·			36							-10 to $-12$ volts 0 to $-0.25$ volt
	Maximum load per	out	put	J.										30 diode gates
	Maximum rise time		No	loa	ad							٠		0.1 microsecon
	waxiiiuiii iise tiiile	•	Ful	l lo	ad			è		٠			ě	0.8 microsecon
POW	ER REQUIREMENTS	FO	R	EN	TII	RE	М	10	่วบ	LE				
														50 milliamperes
	-12 volts $+6$ volts						,					3		1.6 milliampere



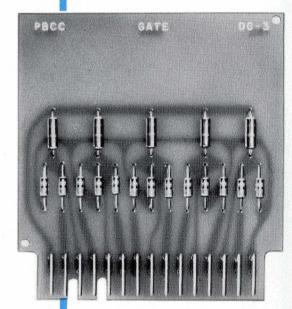


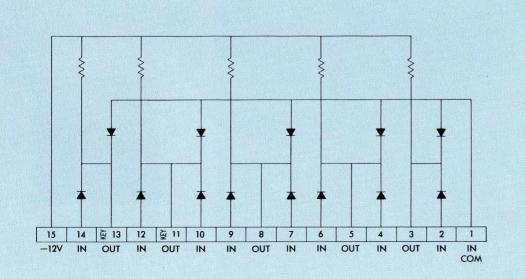


The DG3 Diode Gate Module consists of five AND gates, each with two or three diodes. The gates are independent, except for one common input applied to one diode in each gate. Each AND gate may drive a flip-flop input circuit, an inverter, or an emitter-follower.

In conjunction with an emitter-follower, the DG3 may be operated as a d.c. AND-OR gate. The common input now becomes the output of the multilevel gate, and is connected to the emitter-follower. Additional terms may be connected to each AND gate from a DG4 Module.

INPUT														
V-14	∫ "One"					4								-9 to $-12$ volts
voitage	("Zero"			٠.				•	•	•	ě		•	- 9 to $-$ 12 volts 0 to $-$ 0.25 volt
Clock or														
Minin	num dwell	at	ei	the	er	lev	el						*	2 microseconds 1 microsecond
Maxir	num rise	tin	ne						.,					1 microsecond
Maxir	num repe	titi	on	ra	ite						÷	ř		200 kilocycles
POWER REQU	REMENT	S												
-12 vol	ts					.)					·		·	 10 milliamperes







The DG4 Diode Gate Module consists of three independent AND gates, two of which are detached from their resistors to allow their combination with other AND gates in a DG3 or DG4 Module requiring additional terms or inputs. AND gates with almost any number of terms may thus be formed. Each DG4 AND gate may operate a flip-flop input circuit, an inverter or an emitter-follower.

# **SPECIFICATIONS**

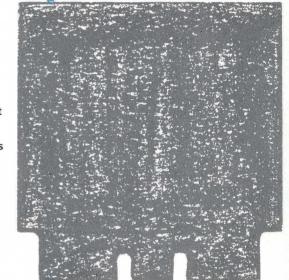
INF	TU
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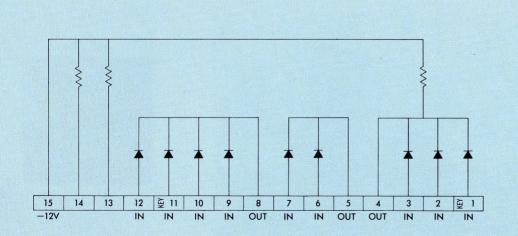
 $\mbox{Voltage} \left\{ \begin{array}{lll} \mbox{"One"} & \dots & \dots & -9 \mbox{ to } -12 \mbox{ volts} \\ \mbox{"Zero"} & \dots & \dots & 0 \mbox{ to } -0.25 \mbox{ volt} \end{array} \right.$ 

Clock or Trigger:

POWER REQUIREMENTS

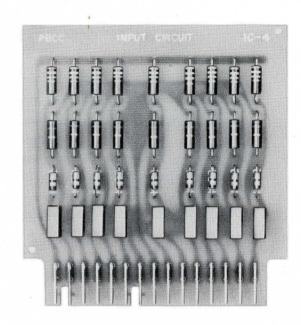
-12 volts . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 6 milliamperes





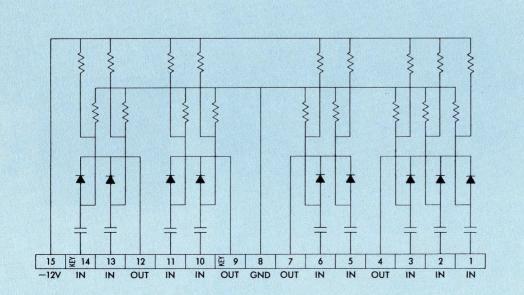


The IC4 Input Circuit Module contains nine a.c. coupled trigger circuits, identical to those used in the TF2, TF3, TO3, etc. The nine input circuits are connected together in four groups of two and three each, to form a.c. OR gates. These groups are applied either singly or in combination to the auxiliary input of a TF2 or TF3 flip-flop, to provide alternate trigger sources. The IC4 may be operated from DG3 or DG4 diode AND gates to form an a.c. AND-OR gate.



### **POWER REQUIREMENTS**

3 milliamperes -12 volts . . . . .





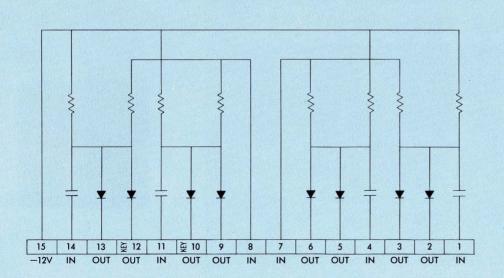
The IC2 Input Circuit Module consists of four toggle trigger circuits identical to those used in the TF2. Instead of being operated at a fixed bias, however, contacts are available for controlling the bias of each pair of trigger circuits, thus gating the toggle trigger inputs.

The IC2 is designed primarily for use with the TF3 Flip-Flop Module to form bidirectional

counters.

# POWER REQUIREMENTS

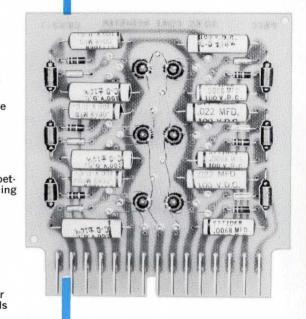
-12 volts . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 0.7 milliamperes

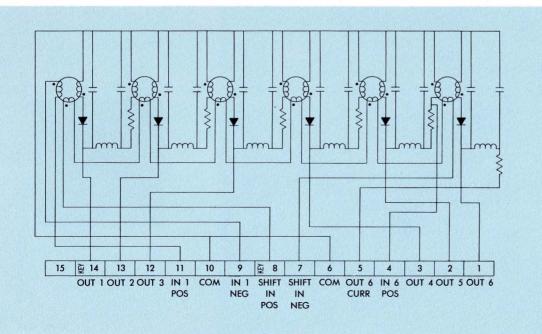




The CR50-1 Magnetic Core Register Module holds six stages of a 50 kilocycle magnetic core shift register. Input information is entered serially while the output can be either six parallel signals or a single serial signal. For system flexibility, the input and output can be referenced at different d.c. levels. Core modules can also be provided which will accept parallel inputs and produce a serial output.

00.							
Shift frequency					,		0-50 kilocycles
Recommended shift pulse:							
Rise time							1.0 microsecond
Fall time							1.0 microsecond
Duration (at half amplitude) .							3.5 microseconds
Amplitude							1.3 amperes
Voltage drop							0.55 volt per stage for a ''one'' signal
Operating range at 1.3 ampere drive	٠		٠	٠	÷	٠	1.5 — 9.0 micro- seconds
Minimum operating current							0.75 ampere
Power consumption (per stage)		٠	•			٠	0.065 watt for repet itive switching at 50 kilo- cycles
OUTPUT							
Amplitude				į.			8 volts
"One" to "zero" ratio							8:1
Minimum load impedance						•	5 kilohms
SIGNAL INPUT							10 milliamperes for 10 microseconds



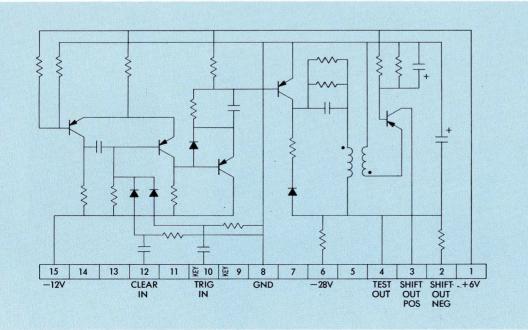




cations a heat sink is available.

The MCD1 Low Frequency Core Driver Module provides shift pulses for the CR50-1 Magnetic Core Register. The MCD1 consists of a one-shot multivibrator, a two stage amplifier, and a power output stage capable of driving 50 core stages. A clear input is provided to permit resetting of the register. For high power appli-

#### **SPECIFICATIONS** INPUT (Trigger and Clear) A positive step with the following characteristics: 8 volts Minimum rise time . . . . . . . . . 1 microsecond Maximum Trigger repetition rate . . . . . . . 50 kilocycles 16 microseconds OUTPUT Current pulse with the following characteristics: 1.3 ampere Rise time . . . . 1.0 microsecond 1.0 microsecond Duration (at half amplitude) . . . . . . . . . . 3.5 microseconds 0 to 27 volts dependent on load Power rating of output transistor at 45°C: No heat sink . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1.0 watt With heat sink . 8.0 watts **POWER REQUIREMENTS** +6 volts . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 30 milliamperes 18 milliamperes —28 volts . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Current dependent on duty factor





The TF4 Dual Flip-Flop Module holds two identical and independent Eccles-Jordan flip-flop circuits capable of switching up to 3 million times per second. The transistors are operated either at cut-off or at saturation. Each side of a TF4 flip-flop has two inputs, one which will accept signals from a diode gate or another flip-flop, and an auxiliary which will accept signals from an IC5 Input Circuit.

# SPECIFICATIONS

INPUT (To set or reset inputs directly or through diode gates and to auxiliary inputs through IC5 Input Circuits)

A positive step with the following characteristics:

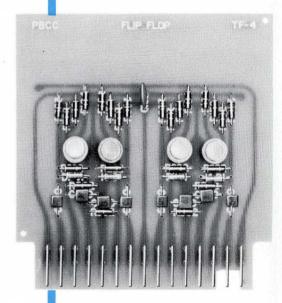
**OUTPUT** 

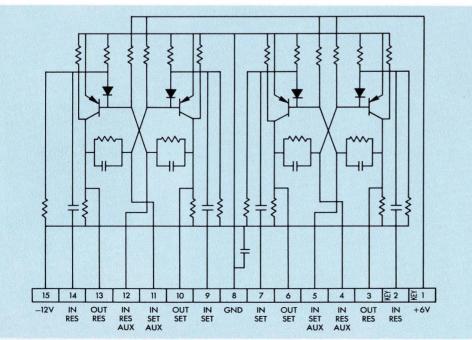
(a) Number of clocked or d.c. gates . . . .

(b) Wiring capacity . . . . . . . . 50 micromicrofarads

Note. When driving TI4 Amplifier-Inverter, the output of the flip-flop should be preloaded with 5.6 kilohms to -12 volts.

POWER REQUIREMENTS FOR ENTIRE MODULE







The AG1 Adder Gate Module contains all the gates required for a 3 megacycle serial adder. The "Sum" output is buffered by an emitter follower, and an amplifier is used to provide the "Inverted Sum." The AG1 contains carry gates, so that a full serial adder can be constructed by merely adding a "carry" flip-flop (half a TF4

module). The "Sum Gating Input" permits ON-OFF control of the adder.

# **SPECIFICATIONS**

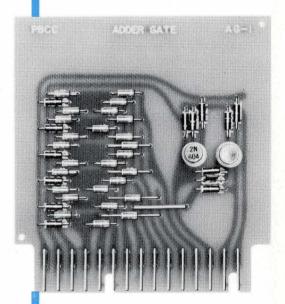
### INPUT

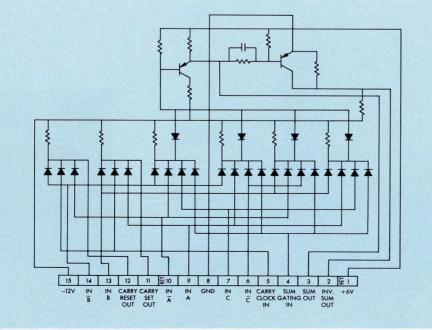
### OUTPUT

Sum: Same as EF2 operated from diode AND-OR gate

Inverted Sum: Same as TI4
Carry set and reset: Same as DG6

### **POWER REQUIREMENTS**

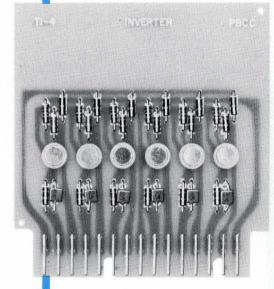


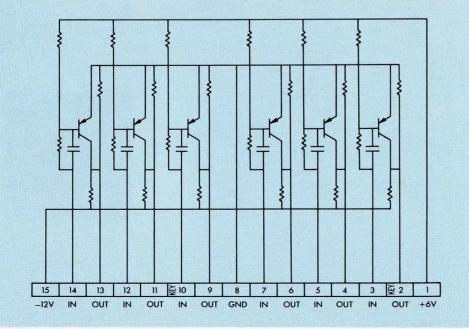




The TI4 Amplifier-Inverter Module holds six identical and independent single-stage amplifier circuits capable of operating at pulse rates up to 3 megacycles. In addition to providing the logical operation of negation, the TI4 serves to amplify the outputs of flip-flops, emitter-followers, and diode AND gates.

	The second secon	and or the owner control of the	And the second s	reactivities was transition				
INPUT	SPECI	FICATI	ONS					
Voltage \ \ "One" . \ "Zero"			7 to -12 volts +1 to -1 volt					
Maximum rise time			0.10 microsecor	nd				
Maximum fall time			0.20 microsecor					
Maximum pulse rate	е		3 megacycles					
OUTDUT								
Voltage \"One" .			—7 to —10 volts					
("Zero"			0 to -0.3 volt					
Maximum rise time	∫No load		0.02 microsecor	nd				
Waxiiiuiii 1130 tiiric	Full load		—7 to —10 volts 0 to —0.3 volt 0.02 microsecor 0.04 microsecor	nd				
(a) Number of cloc	ιατρατ: ked or d.c. d	iode gates						
drops to - loading th	Note 1. When TI4 is operated from a diode AND gate the "One" input drops to —6 volts and the maximum load becomes 5 gates. Pre-loading the input of the TI4 with 10 kilohms to —12 volts pro-vides full input voltage and allows full loading.							
Note 2. When one TI4 inverter is operated from another, its input should be preloaded with 5.6 kilohms to $-12$ volts.  POWER REQUIREMENTS FOR ENTIRE MODULE  -12 volts  {33 milliamperes with all units at "One" } {11 milliamperes with all units at "Zero"  +6 volts  1 milliampere								
To voits 1 mili	папіреге							







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The EF2 Emitter-Follower Module holds six identical and independent amplifier circuits capable of operating at pulse rates up to 3 megacycles. In conjunction with Diode Gate Modules, the EF2 provides for the construction of d.c. AND-OR gates. EF2 outputs, then, may be employed as inputs to other gates so as to provide multilevel gating. The emitter-follower output is also suitable for driving a TI4 Amplifier Inverter.

When operated directly from a TF4 Flip-Flop or TI4 Amplifier-Inverter, the EF2 provides a low impedance output for driving long lines or other substantial capacitive and resistive loads. Under these conditions, the EF2 absorbs any current supplied by the load, while the inverter or flip-flop supplies the current required by the load. Any part of the flip-flop or inverter load may be transferred to the output of the emitter follower.

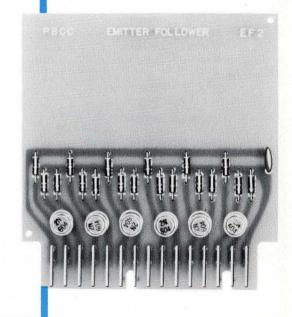
### SPECIFICATIONS

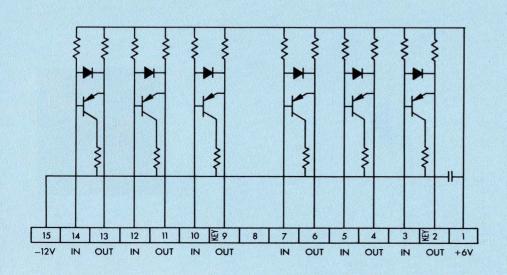
			_		_	-						
INPL	JT (Directly or	through	a	d.c.	dic	ode	gat	e)				
	Voltage {	One". Zero"	•	•	٠		•		•	•		-7 to -12 volts 0 to -0.3 volt
												0.08 microsecond
	Maximum p	ulse rate										3 megacycles
OUT	PUT											
	Voltage ("	One".										-6.8 to -12 volts +0.2 to -0.3 volt
	voitage \"	Zero''						٠.				+0.2 to $-$ 0.3 volt
	Operated Operated						_					0.2 microsecond Equal to input rise time
	Maximum lo (a) Num (b) Wirin	ber of cle	ocl	ked	or							2 50 micromicrofarads
	(a) Maxii	num cap	aci	ty			·	·				nitter follower: 150 micromicrofarads 750 ohms
POW	ER REQUIRE —12 volts										at' at'	'One'' 'Zero''

(85 milliamperes with all units at "One"

32 milliamperes with all units at "Zero"

+6 volts

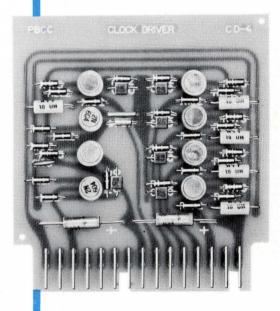


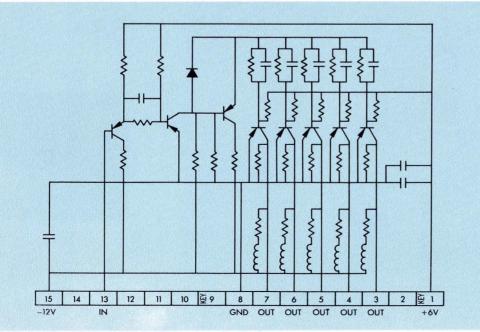




The CD4 Clock Driver Module is a multi-output amplifier which accepts a single input signal from a suitable clock source, shapes it, and provides a high power output. The input signal can be provided by an XCG1, TF4, TI4 or any other source fulfilling the input requirements. The CD4 is designed to drive up to 80 gates.

INPUT												
	Voltage	1"0	ne''									-7 to $-$ 12 volts $+$ 1.0 to $-$ 1.0 volt
	Voitage	1"Ze	ero''									+1.0 to $-$ 1.0 volt
	Maximur	n rise	e tim	е								0.1 microsecond
1	Maximur	n rep	etitic	on	ra	te		٠		٠		<ul><li>0.1 microsecond</li><li>3 megacycles</li></ul>
OUTPL	JT											
,	Voltage	1"0	ne''									-7 to $-10$ volts
	Voltage	1"Ze	ero''									−7 to −10 volts 0 to −0.3 volt
. 7	Maximur	n loa	d ner	0	utr	rit						
	(a) N	umbe	r of	ga	tes	S .						16
	(b) FI	ip-flo	os tri	igg	ger	ed						8
	(c) W	iring	capa	cit	ty							75 micromicrofarads
	Maximur	n rice	tim	۵	51	No	loa	d				0.02 microsecond
	waxiiiiai	11 1130		•	1	Ful	l lo	ad				16 8 75 micromicrofarads 0.02 microsecond 0.04 microsecond
	REQU											•
	-12 vol										٠	65 milliamperes (at 50% duty factor)
7-	+6 volts											10 milliamperes







Full load

(No load

Full load

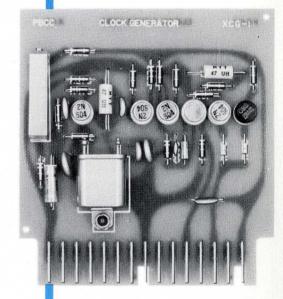
6 volts

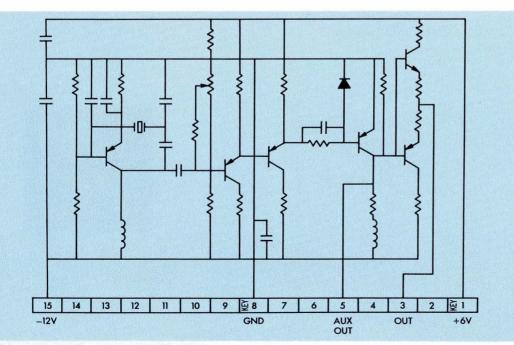
The XCG1 Clock Generator Module consists of a crystal controlled oscillator and shaping amplifier. The output is a pulse train suitable for operating up to 10 CD4 clock drivers. The standard frequency is 3 megacycles. (Other frequencies between 1 and 3 megacycles can be made to order.) The duty factor is adjustable over the the range 0.42 to 0.58.

> 40 milliamperes 12 milliamperes

30 milliamperes

OUTPUT											4
Volt	("One	·" .									-8 to −11 volts
VOI	age ("Zero	o''									-8 to $-11$ volts 0 to $+0.5$ volt
Max	imum load:										
(	a) Number	of CD	4 cl	ock	driv	ers					10
(	b) Wiring ca	apacit	у.								10 150 micromicrofarads
			(No	loa	ad						0.025 microsecond 0.05 microsecond
мах	imum rise	time	) Fu	III lo	ad						0.05 microsecond
			(No	o lo	ad						0.04 microsecond 0.08 microsecond
мах	imum tali ti	ime	) Fu	III lo	ad						0.08 microsecond
Rep	etition rate	•	•		٠	٠		٠		٠	3 megacycles $\pm 0.01\%$
POWER R	EQUIREMEN	NTS F	OR	EN	TIRE	. M	OD	UL	E		
1	Note (No	o load	d .								20 milliamperes







The DG5 Diode Gate Module consists of five 3 megacycle AND Gates, each with two or three diodes. The gates are independent, except for one common input applied to one diode in each gate. Each AND gate may drive a flip-flop input circuit (TF4 or IC5), an EF2, a CD4 or a TI4 (preloaded).

In conjunction with an EF2 emitter follower, the DG5 may be operated as a d.c. AND-OR gate. The common input now becomes the output of the multilevel gate and is connected to the emitter follower. Additional terms may be connected to each AND gate from a DG6 module.

The DG5 should be placed as close to its load as possible in order to minimize output wiring capacity.

# SPECIFICATIONS

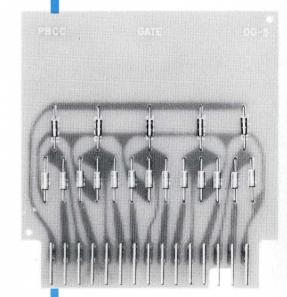
### **INPUT**

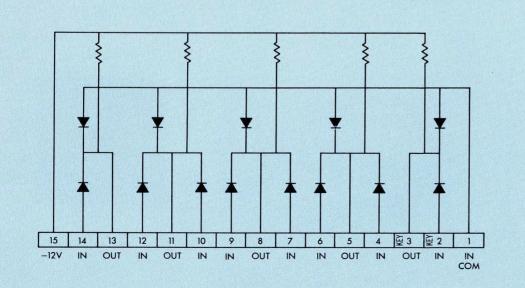
-7 to -12 volts Voltage 0 to -0.3 volt Clock or Trigger: Maximum rise time . 0.06 microsecond

Maximum repetition rate 3 megacycles

**POWER REQUIREMENTS** 

-12 volts . . 10 milliamperes







The DG6 Diode Gate Module consists of three independent 3 megacycle AND gates, two of which are detached from their resistors to allow their combination with other AND gates in a DG5 or DG6 module requiring additional terms or inputs. AND gates with any desired number of terms may thus be formed. Each DG6 AND gate may operate a flip-flop input circuit (TF4 or IC5), an EF2, a CD4 or a TI4 (pre-loaded).

# **SPECIFICATIONS**

### **INPUT**

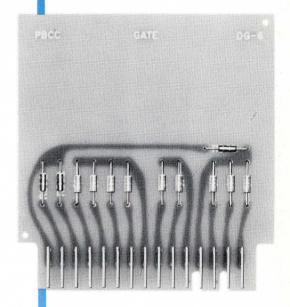
Voltage \\ "One" \cdot \

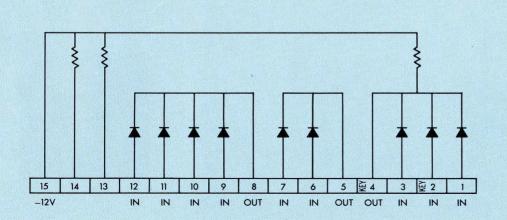
Clock or Trigger:

Maximum rise time . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 0.06 microsecond Maximum repetition rate . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3 megacycles

POWER REQUIREMENTS

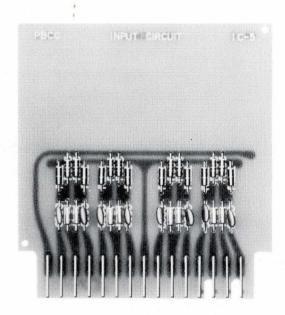
-12 volts . . . . . . . . . . . . 6 milliamperes



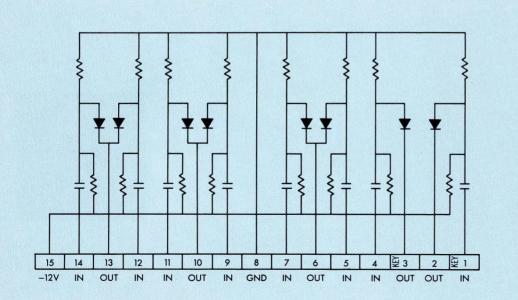




The IC5 Input Circuit Module contains eight a.c. coupled trigger circuits identical to those used in the TF4. Six of the input circuits are connected together in three groups of two each to form a.c. OR gates. One IC5 output is applied to an auxiliary input of a TF4 flip-flop in order to provide alternate trigger sources. The IC5 may be operated from DG5 or DG6 diode AND gates to form an a.c. AND-OR gate. The IC5 module should be adjacent to the TF4 modules it operates in order to minimize wiring capacity.



# POWER REQUIREMENTS

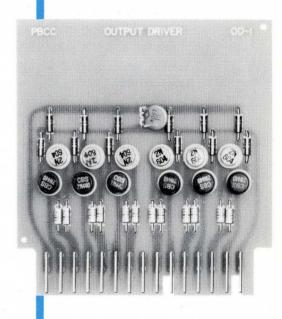


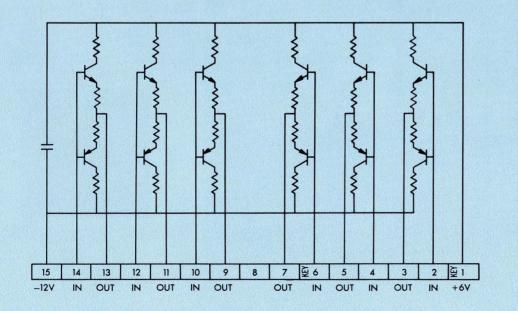


The OD1 Output Driver Module holds six identical and independent amplifier circuits capable of operating at pulse rates up to 3 megacycles. The OD1 is used to provide a low impedance output for driving long lines or other substantial capacitive

	CI	PE	0	E	-	۸.	TI	0	M	2		
INPUT												
\\\_\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	ne"										—7 to —12 volts	
Voltage 7"Ze	ero".										0 to -0.3 volt	
Maximum rise	time .			٠.	į.						<ul><li>−7 to −12 volts</li><li>0 to −0.3 volt</li><li>0.08 microsecond</li></ul>	
											3 megacycles	
OUTPUT											<b>G</b> ,	
C"Or	20''										-6.8 to -12 volts	
Voltage }	ro"	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	-6.8 to -12 volts +1 to -0.3 volt	
Maximum rice	timo .	•	•	•		•		•	•	•	0.12 microsecond	
			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	0.12 microsecond	
	Maximum load per output:  (a) Number of d.c. diode gates											
(a) Number of	f d.c. aid	ae ;	gat	42 62	, 					•	4	
(c) Resistance	e to grou	ind	٠			•	•	٠		•	500 onms	
(d) Capacity t	to ground	٠.				•	•	•	•		400 micromicrofarads	
POWER REQUIREM	ENTS FO	RE	NT	IRE	М	OD	UL	E				
	(No load										1 milliampere	
−12 volts	Maximu	m d	сар	acit	ive	loa	ad	at				
Appendix Control	maxir	nun	n fr	equ	end	су					1 milliampere 80 milliamperes	
	(No load					_					1 milliampere	
+6 volts	Maximu	m c	ana	aciti	ve	loa	d a	at	-		1 milliampere	
, 0 10123	maxir	nun	n fr	equ	end	су					80 milliamperes	

and resistive loads.







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# CR100-1 Magnetic Core Register

The CR100-1 Magnetic Core Register Module holds six stages of a 100 kilocycle magnetic core shift register. Input information is entered serially while the output can be either six parallel signals or a single serial signal. For system flexibility, the input and output can be referenced at different DC levels. An alternate version (CR100-2) will accept parallel inputs and produce a serial output.

Shift frequency	0 - 100 kilocycles
Recommended shift pulse:	
Rise time	0.5 microsecond
Fall time	0.5 microsecond
Duration (at half amplitude)	1.8 microseconds
Amplitude	1.0 ampere
Voltage drop	0.5 volt per stage
	for a "one" signal
Operating range at 1.0 ampere drive	0.9 - 4.5 microseconds
Minimum operating current	0.55 ampere
Power consumption (per stage)	0.045 watt for repetitive switching at 100 kilo-
	cycles
OUTPUT	
Amplitude	6.5 volts
"One" to "Zero" ratio	10:1
Minimum load impedance	7 kilohms
SIGNAL INPUT	10 milliamperes for 5 microseconds

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# MCD2 Magnetic Core Driver

The MCD2 Medium Frequency Core Driver Module provides shift pulses for the CR100 Series Magnetic Core Registers. The MCD2 consists of a one-shot multivibrator and a power output stage capable of driving 54 core stages. A clear input is provided to permit resetting of the register. For high power applications, a heat sink should be specified when ordering.

INPUT (Trigger and Clear)	
A positive step with the following cha	aracteristics:
Minimum amplitude	8 volts
Minimum rise time	1 microsecond
Maximum Trigger repetition rate .	100 kilocycles
Minimum Clear duration	8 microseconds
OUTPUT	
Current pulse with the following char	acteristics:
Amplitude	1.0 ampere
Rise time	0.5 microsecond
Fall time	0.5 microsecond
Duration (at half amplitude)	1.8 microseconds
Output voltage	0 to 27 volts de-
	pendent on load
Power rating of output transistor at 45°C.:	
No heat sink	1.0 watt
With heat sink	8.0 watts
POWER REQUIREMENTS	
+ 6 volts	20 milliamperes
-12 volts	30 milliamperes
-28 volts	Current dependent
	on duty factor

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#### MS-1

# MAGNETIC CORE DRIVER POWER SUPPLY

The MS-1 is a 28-volt supply that mounts in standard Packard Bell Computer Corporation module cases such as the MC72. Connections to the supply are made through a standard 15-pin Elco Connector and eight module spaces are required. The MS-1 will power three Magnetic Core Drivers (MCD) at maximum shifting frequencies and a proportionately larger number at lower frequencies. When the number of drivers exceeds nine, external filter capacitance may be required to average-out the load current.

The following chart indicates typical configurations:

	Frequency	Maximum Number of Drivers	Maximum Number of core stages
MCD-1	50 KC	3	48
	10 KC	15	240
MCD-2	100 KC	3	48
	25 KC	12	192
	5 KC	60	960

# **SPECIFICATIONS**

### Input

105 to 125 volts, 50 to 60 cycle single-phase AC power

### Output

Voltage:	28 volts DC
Current:	1.0 ampere
Load Regulation:	±1% maximum
Line Regulation:	±1% maximum
Ripple:	0.1% (peak-to-peak)

PRICE: \$200

TERMS: Net 30 days

FOB Los Angeles

(SEE REVERSE SIDE)

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# MOUNTING CASES and POWER SUPPLY

# MC 72A

The MC 72A Mounting Case is identical to the MC 72 with the exception that tilt-up slides are employed. This permits easy access to the intermodule wiring without removing the case from a relay rack.

### PRICE OF MC 72A

With Power Supply					\$680.00
Without Power Supply					\$315.00

# MC 250

The MC 250 Mounting Case is a rack-mounted case that holds 250 digital modules. It consists of a cast aluminum spine to which are connected two vertical hinged frames, each of which holds 125 modules. Slides permit the entire assembly to be removed from the rack in which it is mounted and opened, as a book, to provide access to wiring side of the frames. The spine has provision for mounting input/output connectors, while a front panel can hold indicators and control switches. The dimensions of the MC 250 are: 19" wide, 31-1/2" high and 25-1/4" deep. It may be mounted in a 28" deep relay rack with vertical support in the rear.

A power supply, the PS 7, is available for operation with the MC 250. It employs magnetic regulation exclusively and has circuit breakers on all voltages for overload protection. The dimensions of an MC 250 with a PS 7 are: 19" wide, 33-1/4" high and 25-1/4" deep.

# PS 7 SPECIFICATIONS

T	N	P	T.	רח	Г

105 to 125 VAC, 60 cycles

### OUTPUT

OUTPUT											
001101											
	Regulated										
	+6 volts DC .							•		. 2	amperes
	- 12 volts DC		•		•	•	•	٠	•	. 8	amperes
	Unregulated										
	+ 50 volts DC				۰		•			0.15	amperes
	l volt AC .	•			•	•		•		6	amperes
PRICE OF	MC 250										

#### With PS 7 Power Supply \$2300.00 Without PS 7 Power Supply \$1200.00

(SEE REVERSE SIDE)

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# SR1 SHIFT REGISTER

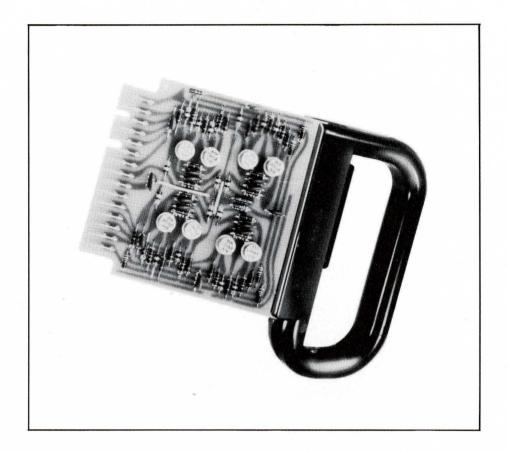
The SRl Shift Register Module contains three flip-flop circuits and interconnecting diode gates forming a complete shift register. Any number of these modules may be cascaded directly to form a long register. Both serial and parallel input and output has been provided. Parallel input is effected by means of a common reset line and individual set lines. The set lines may be driven from standard diode AND gates, if desired. Both the "Set" and "Reset" outputs of each stage are available at the connector, except for the "Reset 2" output. Where required, this signal may be generated from the "Set 2" output by means of a TI3 inverter stage.

INPUT (To set, reset inputs directly or the	arough diode gates)
A positive step with the following cha	9
Minimum amplitude	8 volts 1 microsecond 200 kilocycles
OUTPUT	
Voltage $\begin{cases} "One" \dots \\ "Zero" \dots \end{cases}$	-9 to -12 volts 0 to -0.25 volt
Maximum rise time $\begin{cases} \text{No load} \\ \text{Full load} \end{cases}$	0.25 microsecond 1.0 microsecond
Maximum load per output: Clocked or DC diode gates Unclocked diode gates operating input circuits	9 7 27
POWER REQUIREMENTS FOR ENTIRE M	MODULE
-12 volts	55 milliamperes 1.4 milliamperes
PRICE	\$75.00

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# CIRCUIT CARD HANDLE



An etched circuit card handle made of high impact cycolac plastic that easily spring-locks on the top edge of the card. This simply-designed accessory installs or removes digital module cards. Valuable for laboratory work and for production or field maintenance.

### FEATURES

- 1. REDUCES LIKELIHOOD OF BOARD BREAKAGE AND SOCKET DAMAGE
- 2. CARDS CAN BE STACKED AS CLOSE AS 1/2"
- 3. ALLOWS FULL USE OF BOARD FOR CIRCUIT
- 4. FINGER TIP RELEASE ACTION
- 5. POSITIVE GRIPPING WILL NOT SLIP

A SUBSIDIARY OF PACKARD BELL ELECTRONICS

1905 ARMACOST AVENUE • LOS ANGELES 25, CALIFORNIA • GRANITE 8-4247

# DIGITAL MODULES PRICE LIST

1 July 1960

200 KC Tr	ansistorized Digital M	fodules	Unit Price	
TF2	Dual Flip-Flop (2 ci	rcuits)	\$ 45.00	
TF3		rcuits)		
TI3	Amplifier Inverter (	6 circuits)	45.00	
EF1		circuits)		
DC1	Decade Counter		75.00	
BCl	Binary Counter		75.00	
TD2	Relay or Lamp Drive	er (4 circuits)	75.00	
TO3	Dual One-Shot (2 cir	cuits)	65.00	
ST1		r (2 circuits)		
HF3	Clock Generator and	Multivibrator	65.00	
CD3	Clock Driver (8 circ	uits)	120.00	
CS1	Dual Clock Shaper (2	2 circuits)	65.00	
NE1	Dual NOR (2 circuits	3)	35.00	
DG3	Diode Gate		30.00	
DG4	Diode Gate		30.00	
IC2	Input Gate		30.00	
IC4	Input Gate		35.00	
Magnetic I	Modules			
CR50-1	Magnetic Core Regis	ster 50 KC (6 stages)	75.00	
MCD1		er 50 KC		
CR100-1	Magnetic Core Regis	ster 100 KC (6 stages)	90.00	
MCD2		er 100 KC		
MS1		er Power Supply (28 volt)		
				Corresponding
*3 Megacyc	le Transistorized Digi	tal Modules		200 KC Type
TF4	Dual Flip-Flop (2 cir	rcuits)	100.00	TF3
TI4	Amplifier Inverter (6	circuits)	125.00	TI3
EF2	Emitter Follower (6	circuits)	90.00	EF1
CD4	Clock Driver (5 circ	uits)	175.00	CD3
DG5	Diode Gate		40.00	DG3
DG6		,		DG4
IC5	Input Gate		40.00	IC4
XCG1		ator (similar to HF3 but with crystal)		
OD1		v-Impedance Driver Circuits)		
AG1	Adder Gate (a compl	ete Adder Gate with output amplifier)	90.00	
Mounting (	Case, Power Supply, a	nd Accessories		
BB1	Blank Circuit Board	with connector	10.00	
			40.00	
			20.00	
MC72	Mounting Case:			
		oly	650.00	
		upply	285.00	
	17 Indicators mounte	d in MC72 case	110.00	
		d in MC72 case	250.00	
	PRICES:	FOB our plant, Los Angeles, Californices are subject to change without		
	TERMS:	Net Cash, 30 Days		
	Quantity Discount:	5% on each purchase order over \$1	0,000	

All module prices include an ELCO 15-pin connector.

<sup>\*</sup>All 3 Megacycle Modules are compatible with 200 KC and Magnetic Modules.