

Octave Instrument Control Toolkit 0.8.0

Low level instrumentation functions for GNU Octave.

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To download a copy of the GNU Octave Instrument Control Toolkit, please visit <http://octave.sourceforge.net/instrument-control/>.

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1 Installing and loading

The Instrument Control toolkit must be installed and then loaded to be used.

It can be installed in GNU Octave directly from octave-forge, or can be installed in an off-line mode via a downloaded tarball.

The toolkit must be then be loaded once per each GNU Octave session in order to use its functionality.

1.1 Requirements

For GPIB support (Linux only), linux-gpib must be installed before installing instrument-control. GPIB support is also available for windows by following the information from the wiki: https://wiki.octave.org/Instrument_control_package#Requirements

For VXI11 support, rpcgen, and libtirpc-devel must be installed before installing instrument-control.

For MODBUS support, the libmodbus-devel must be installed before installing instrument-control.

1.2 Windows install

If using the GNU Octave installer in Windows, the toolkit will have already been installed, and does not need to be re-installed unless a newer version is available.

Run the following command to verify if the toolkit is available:

```
pkg list instrument-control
```

1.3 Online Direct install

With an internet connection available, toolkit can be installed from octave-forge using the following command within GNU Octave:

```
pkg install -forge instrument-control
```

The latest released version of the toolkit will be downloaded, compiled and installed.

1.4 Off-line install

With the toolkit package already downloaded, and in the current directory when running GNU Octave, the package can be installed using the following command within GNU Octave:

```
pkg install instrument-control-0.8.0.tar.gz
```

1.5 Loading

Regardless of the method of installing the toolkit, in order to use its functions, the toolkit must be loaded using the pkg load command:

```
pkg load instrument-control
```

The toolkit must be loaded on each GNU Octave session.

2 Basic Usage Overview

2.1 Authors

The Instrument control package provides low level I/O functions for serial, i2c, spi, parallel, tcp, gpib, vxi11, udp and usbtmc interfaces.

It was written mainly by the following developers:

- Andrius Sutas <andrius.sutasg at mail.com>
- Stefan Mahr <dac922 at gmx.de>
- John Donoghue <john.donoghue at ieee.org>

2.2 Available Interfaces

The ability to use each interface is dependent on OS and what libraries were available during the toolkit install.

To verify the available interfaces, run the following command in octave:

```
instrhwinfo
```

The function will return information on the supported interfaces that are available, similar to below:

```
ToolboxVersion = 0.7.0
ToolboxName = octave instrument control package
SupportedInterfaces =
{
    [1,1] = gpib
    [1,2] = i2c
    [1,3] = parallel
    [1,4] = serial
    [1,5] = serialport
    [1,6] = tcp
    [1,7] = tcpclient
    [1,8] = udp
    [1,9] = udpport
    [1,10] = usbtmc
    [1,11] = vxi11
}
```

Most interfaces have two types of functions:

- somewhat compatible matlab functions such as fread, fwrite
- interface specific lower level functions such as udp_read, udp_write

2.3 Basic Serial

2.3.1 Serial

NOTE: The serial object has been deprecated and may not appear in newer versions of the instrument-control toolbox. Instead new code should use the serialport object.

The serial port can be opened using the serial function:

```
s = serial("/dev/ttyUSB1", 115200)
```

The first parameter is the device name and is OS specific. The second parameter is the baudrate.

A list of available serial ports can be retrieved using the function:

```
seriallist
```

After creating the interface object, properties of the device can be set or retrieved using get or set functions or as property access.

```
s = serial("/dev/ttyUSB1", 115200)
br = get(s, "baudrate") # gets the baudrate
br = s.baudrate # also gets the baudrate

set(s, "baudrate", 9600) # set the baudrate
s.baudrate = 9600 # also sets the baudrate
```

The device can be written and read from using fread, fwrite and srl_read and srl_write functions.

```
srl_write(s, "hello world") # write hello world
fprintf(s, "hello again")

val = srl_read(s, 10) # attempt to read
val = fread(s, 10)
```

The device can be closed using fclose or srl_close.

```
fclose(s)
```

2.3.2 SerialPort

The recommended method of accessing serial ports is through the serialport object.

The serial port can be opened using the serialport function:

```
s = serialport("/dev/ttyUSB1", 115200)
```

The first parameter is the device name and is OS specific. The second parameter is the baudrate.

A list of available serial ports can be retrieved using the function:

```
serialportlist
```

After creating the interface object, properties of the device can be set or retrieved using get or set functions or as property access.

```
s = serialport("/dev/ttyUSB1", 115200)
br = get(s, "BaudRate") # gets the baudrate
br = s.BaudRate # also gets the baudrate

set(s, "BaudRate", 9600) # set the baudrate
s.BaudRate = 9600 # also sets the baudrate
```

The device can be written and read from using read and write functions.

```
write(s, "hello world") # write hello world

val = read(s, 10)
```

The device can be closed by clearing the serialport object.

```
clear s
```

2.4 Basic TCP

2.4.1 TCP

NOTE: The TCP object has been deprecated and may not appear in newer versions of the instrument-control toolbox. Instead new code should use the tcpclient object.

A TCP connection can be opened using the tcp or tcpip function:

```
s = tcp("127.0.0.1", 80)
```

The first parameter is the IP address to connect to. The second parameter is the port number. And optional timeout value can be also be provided.

A more matlab compatible function is available as tcpip to also open a tcp port:

```
s = tcpip("gnu.org", 80)
```

The first parameter is a hostname or ip address, the second the port number. Additional parameter/value pairs can be provided after the port.

After creating the interface object, properties of the device can be set or retrieved using get or set functions or as property access.

```
s = tcp("127.0.0.1", 80)
oldtimeout = get(s, "timeout") # get timeout
```

```
set(s, "timeout", 10) # set the timeout
s.timeout = oldtimeout # also sets the timeout
```

The device can be written and read from using fread, fwrite and tcp_read and tcp_write functions.

```
tcp_write(s, "HEAD / HTTP/1.1\r\n\r\n")
```

```
val = tcp_read(s, 100, 500) # attempt to read 100 bytes
```

The device can be closed using fclose or tcp_close.

```
fclose(s)
```

2.4.2 TCP Client

The recommended method of creating a tcp connection is through the tcpclient object.

A TCP connection can be opened using the tcpclient function:

```
s = tcpclient("127.0.0.1", 80)
```

The first parameter is the IP address or hostname to connect to. The second parameter is the port number.

Additional parameter/value pairs can be provided after the port.

After creating the interface object, properties of the device can be set or retrieved using get or set functions or as property access.

```
s = tcpclient("127.0.0.1", 80)
oldtimeout = get(s, "Timeout") # get timeout
```

```
set(s, "Timeout", 10) # set the timeout
s.Timeout = oldtimeout # also sets the timeout
```

The device can be written and read from using read and write functions.

```
write(s, "HEAD / HTTP/1.1\r\n\r\n")
```

```
val = read(s, 100) # attempt to read 100 bytes
```

The device can be closed by clearing the object variable.

```
clear s
```

2.5 Basic UDP

2.5.1 UDP

NOTE: The UDP object has been deprecated and may not appear in newer versions of the instrument-control toolbox. Instead new code should use the udpport object.

A UDP connection can be opened using the `udp` function:

```
s = udp("127.0.0.1", 80)
```

The first parameter is the IP address data will be to. The second parameter is the port number. If and ip address and port is not provides, it will default to "127.0.0.1" and 23.

The address and port can be changed after creation using the `remotehost` and `remoteport` properties.

```
s = udp()
s.remotehost = "127.0.0.1";
s.remoteport = 100;
```

After creating the interface object, other properties of the device can be set or retrieved using `get` or `set` functions or as property access.

```
s = udp("127.0.0.1", 80)
oldtimeout = get(s, "timeout") # get timeout

set(s, "timeout", 10) # set the timeout
s.timeout = oldtimeout # also sets the timeout
```

The device can be written and read from using `fread`, `fwrite` and `udp_read` and `udp_write` functions.

```
udp_write(s, "test")
```

```
val = udp_read(s, 5)
```

The device can be closed using `fclose` or `udp_close`.

```
fclose(s)
```

2.5.2 UDP Port

The recommended method of creating a udp socket is through the `udpport` object.

A `udpport` object can be created using the `udpport` function:

```
s = udpport()
```

Additional parameter/value pairs can be provided during creation of the object.

After creating the interface object, properties of the device can be set or retrieved using `get` or `set` functions or as property access.

```
s = udpport()
oldtimeout = get(s, "Timeout") # get timeout

set(s, "Timeout", 10) # set the timeout
s.Timeout = oldtimeout # also sets the timeout
```

The device can be written and read from using `read` and `write` functions.

The destination address and port to send data to must be specified at least on the first time write is used.

```
write(s, "test", "127.0.0.1", s.LocalPort)
```

```
val = read(s)
```

The device can be closed by clearing the object variable.

```
clear s
```

3 Function Reference

The functions currently available in the toolkit are described below.

3.1 Common Functions

3.1.1 flushinput

`flushinput (dev)`

Flush the instruments input buffers

Inputs

dev - connected device or array of devices

Outputs

None

See also: flushoutput.

3.1.2 flushoutput

`flushoutput (dev)`

Flush the instruments output buffers

Inputs

dev - connected device or array of devices

Outputs

None

See also: flushinput.

3.1.3 readbinblock

`data = readbinblock (dev)`

`data = readbinblock (dev, datatype)`

read a binblock of data from a instrument device

Inputs

dev - connected device

datatype - optional data type to read data as (default 'uint8')

Outputs

data - data read

See also: flushoutput.

3.1.4 readline

`data = readline (dev, data)`

read data from a instrument device excluding terminator value

Inputs

dev - connected device

Outputs

data - ASCII data read

See also: flushoutput.

3.1.5 writebinblock

writebinblock (*dev*, *data*, *datatype*)

Write a IEEE 488.2 binblock of data to a instrument device

binblock formatted data is defined as:

#<A><C>

where: <A> ASCII number containing the length of part

 ASCII number containing the number of bytes of <C>

<C> Binary data block

Inputs

dev - connected device

data - binary data to send

datatype - datatype to send data as

Outputs

None

See also: flushoutput.

3.1.6 writeline

writeline (*dev*, *data*)

Write data to a instrument device inclnding terminator value

Inputs

dev - connected device

data - ASCII data to write

Outputs

None

See also: flushoutput.

3.1.7 writeread

data = writeread (*dev*, *command*)

write a ASCII command and read data from a instrument device.

Inputs

dev - connected device

command - ASCII command

Outputs

data - ASCII data read

See also: readline, writeline.

3.2 General

3.2.1 instrhelp

```
instrhelp ()
instrhelp (funcname)
instrhelp (obj)
    Display instrument help
```

Inputs

funcname - function to display help about.
obj - object to display help about.

If no input is provided, the function will display an overview of the package functionality.

Outputs

None

3.2.2 instrhwinfo

```
[list] = instrhwinfo () [Function File]
list = instrhwinfo (interface) [Function File]
    Query available hardware for instrument-control
```

When run without any input parameters, `instrhwinfo` will provide the toolbox information and a list of supported interfaces.

Inputs

interface is the instrument interface to query. When provided, `instrhwinfo` will provide information on the specified interface.

Currently only interface "serialport", "i2c" and "spi" are supported, which will provide a list of available serial ports or i2c ports.

Outputs

If an output variable is provided, the function will store the information to the variable, otherwise it will be displayed to the screen.

Example

```
instrhwinfo
    scalar structure containing the fields:
```

```
ToolboxVersion = 0.4.0
ToolboxName = octave instrument control package
SupportedInterfaces =
{
    [1,1] = i2c
    [1,2] = parallel
    [1,3] = serialport
    [1,4] = tcp
    [1,5] = udp
    [1,6] = usbtmc
    [1,7] = vx11
```

```
}
```

3.2.3 resolvehost

```
name = resolvehost (host) [Loadable Function]
[name, address] = resolvehost (host) [Loadable Function]
out = resolvehost (host, returntype) [Loadable Function]
```

Resolve a network host name or address to network name and address

Inputs

host - Host name or IP address string to resolve.
name - Resolved IP host name.
returntype - 'name' to get host name, 'address' to get IP address.

Outputs

name - Resolved IP host name.
address - Resolved IP host address.
out - host name if *returntype* is 'name', ipaddress if *returntype* is 'address'

Example

```
%% get resolved ip name and address pf www.gnu.org
[name, address] = resolvehost ('www.gnu.org');

%% get ip address of www.gnu.org
ipaddress = resolvehost ('www.gnu.org', 'address');
```

See also: tcp, udp.

3.3 GPIB

3.3.1 @octave_gpib/fclose

```
res = fclose (obj) [Function File]
```

Closes connection to GPIB device *obj*

3.3.2 @octave_gpib/fopen

```
res = fopen (obj) (dummy) [Function File]
```

Opens connection to GPIB device *obj* This currently is a dummy function to improve compatibility to MATLAB

3.3.3 @octave_gpib/fprintf

```
fprintf (obj, cmd) [Function File]
fprintf (obj, format, cmd) [Function File]
fprintf (obj, cmd, mode) [Function File]
fprintf (obj, format, cmd, mode) [Function File]
```

Writes string *cmd* to GPIB instrument
obj is a GPIB object
cmd String *format* Format specifier *mode* sync

3.3.4 @octave_gpib/fread

`data = fread (obj)` [Function File]
`data = fread (obj, size)` [Function File]
`data = fread (obj, size, precision)` [Function File]
`[data, count] = fread (obj, ...)` [Function File]
`[data, count, errmsg] = fread (obj, ...)` [Function File]
 Reads *data* from GPIB instrument
obj is a GPIB object
size Number of values to read. (Default: 100) *precision* precision of data
count values read *errmsg* read operation error message

3.3.5 @octave_gpib/fscanf

`res = fscanf (obj)` [Function File]
`res = fscanf (obj, format)` [Function File]
`res = fscanf (obj, format, size)` [Function File]
`[res, count] = fscanf (obj, ...)` [Function File]
`[res, count, errmsg] = fscanf (obj, ...)` [Function File]
 Reads data *res* from GPIB instrument
obj is a GPIB object
format Format specifier *size* number of values
count values read *errmsg* read operation error message

3.3.6 @octave_gpib/fwrite

`fwrite (obj, data)` [Function File]
`fwrite (obj, data, precision)` [Function File]
`fwrite (obj, data, mode)` [Function File]
`fwrite (obj, data, precision, mode)` [Function File]
 Writes *data* to GPIB instrument
obj is a GPIB object
data data to write *precision* precision of data *mode* sync

3.3.7 clrdevice

`clrdevice (obj)` [Function File]
 Send clear command to Clear GPIB instrument.
obj is a GPIB object

3.3.8 gpib

`gpib = gpib ([gpibid], [timeout])` [Loadable Function]
 Open gpib interface.
gpibid - the interface number.
timeout - the interface timeout value. If omitted defaults to blocking call.
 The `gpib()` shall return instance of *octave_gpib* class as the result *gpib*.

3.3.9 gpib_close

`gpib_close (gpib)` [Loadable Function]
 Close the interface and release a file descriptor.
gpib - instance of *octave_gpib* class.

3.3.10 gpib_read

`[data, count, eoi] = gpib_read (gpib, n)` [Loadable Function]

Read from gpib interface.

gpib - instance of *octave_gpib* class.

n - number of bytes to attempt to read of type Integer.

The `gpib_read()` shall return number of bytes successfully read in *count* as Integer and the bytes themselves in *data* as uint8 array. *eoi* indicates read operation complete

3.3.11 gpib_timeout

`gpib_timeout (gpib, timeout)` [Loadable Function]

`t = gpib_timeout (gpib)` [Loadable Function]

Set new or get existing gpib interface timeout parameter. The timeout value is valid from 0 to 17.

gpib - instance of *octave_gpib* class.

timeout - Value of 0 means never timeout, 11 means one second and 17 means 1000 seconds (see GPIB documentation (ibtm0) for further details)

If *timeout* parameter is omitted, the `gpib_timeout()` shall return current timeout value as the result *t*.

3.3.12 gpib_write

`n = gpib_write (gpib, data)` [Loadable Function]

Write data to a gpib interface.

gpib - instance of *octave_gpib* class.

data - data to be written to the gpib interface. Can be either of String or uint8 type.

Upon successful completion, `gpib_write()` shall return the number of bytes written as the result *n*.

3.3.13 spoll

`out = spoll (obj)` [Function File]

`[out, statusByte] = spoll (obj)` [Function File]

Serial polls GPIB instruments.

obj is a GPIB object or a cell array of GPIB objects

out GPIB objects ready for service *statusByte* status Byte

3.3.14 trigger

`trigger (obj)` [Function File]

Triggers GPIB instrument.

obj is a GPIB object

3.4 I2C

3.4.1 @octave_i2c/fclose

`res = fclose (obj)` [Function File]

Closes I2C connection *obj*

3.4.2 @octave_i2c/fopen

`res = fopen (obj) (dummy)` [Function File]
 Opens I2C connection *obj*

This currently is a dummy function to improve compatibility to MATLAB

3.4.3 @octave_i2c/fread

`data = fread (obj)` [Function File]
`data = fread (obj, size)` [Function File]
`data = fread (obj, size, precision)` [Function File]
`[data, count] = fread (obj, ...)` [Function File]
`[data, count, errmsg] = fread (obj, ...)` [Function File]
 Reads *data* from I2C instrument

Inputs

obj is a I2C object.
size Number of values to read. (Default: 100).
precision precision of data.

Outputs

data data values.
count number of values read.
errmsg read operation error message.

3.4.4 @octave_i2c/fwrite

`numbytes = fwrite (obj, data)` [Function File]
`numbytes = fwrite (obj, data, precision)` [Function File]
 Writes *data* to I2C instrument

Inputs

obj is a I2C object.
data data to write.
precision precision of data.

Outputs

returns number of bytes written.

3.4.5 @octave_i2c/get

`struct = get (i2c)` [Function File]
`field = get (i2c, property)` [Function File]
 Get the properties of i2c object.

Inputs

i2c - instance of *octave_i2c* class.

property - name of property.

Outputs

When *property* was specified, return the value of that property.
otherwise return the values of all properties as a structure.

See also: @octave_i2c/set.

3.4.6 @octave_i2c/set

<code>set (obj, property,value)</code>	[Function File]
<code>set (obj, property,value,...)</code>	[Function File]

Set the properties of i2c object.

Inputs

obj - instance of *octave_i2c* class.
property - name of property.

If *property* is a cell so must be *value*, it sets the values of all matching properties.
The function also accepts property-value pairs.

Properties

'name' Set the name for the i2c socket.
'remoteaddress'
 Set the remote address for the i2c socket.

Outputs

None

See also: @octave_i2c/get.

3.4.7 i2c

<code>i2c = i2c ([port_path], [address])</code>	[Loadable Function]
-------------------------------------------------	---------------------

Open i2c interface.

Inputs

port_path - the interface device port/path of type String. If omitted defaults to '/dev/i2c-0'.
address - the slave device address. If omitted must be set using `i2c_addr()` call.

Outputs

i2c - An instance of *octave_i2c* class.

Properties

The i2c object has the following properties:

name	Name of the object
remoteaddress	the slave device address
port	The interface driver port (readonly)

3.4.8 i2c_addr

`i2c_addr (i2c, address)` [Loadable Function]
`addr = i2c_addr (i2c)` [Loadable Function]

Set new or get existing i2c slave device address.

Inputs

i2c - instance of *octave_i2c* class.

address - i2c slave device address of type Integer. The address is passed in the 7 or 10 lower bits of the argument.

Outputs

addr - If *address* parameter is omitted, the `i2c_addr()` shall return current i2c slave device address.

3.4.9 i2c_close

`i2c_close (i2c)` [Loadable Function]

Close the interface and release a file descriptor.

Inputs

i2c - instance of *octave_i2c* class.

Outputs

None

3.4.10 i2c_read

`[data, count] = i2c_read (i2c, n)` [Loadable Function]

Read from i2c slave device.

Inputs

i2c - instance of *octave_i2c* class.

n - number of bytes to attempt to read of type Integer.

Outputs

The `i2c_read()` shall return number of bytes successfully read in *count* as Integer and the bytes themselves in *data* as uint8 array.

3.4.11 i2c_write

`n = i2c_write (i2c, data)` [Loadable Function]

Write data to a i2c slave device.

Inputs

i2c - instance of *octave_i2c* class.

data - data, of type uint8, to be written to the slave device.

Outputs

Upon successful completion, `i2c_write()` shall return the number of bytes written as the result *n*.

3.5 Modbus

3.5.1 @octave_modbus/get

```
struct = get (dev) [Function File]
field = get (dev, property) [Function File]
```

Get the properties of modbus object.

Inputs

dev - instance of *octave_modbus* class.
property - name of property.

Outputs

When *property* was specified, return the value of that property.
 otherwise return the values of all properties as a structure.

See also: @octave_modbus/set.

3.5.2 @octave_modbus/maskWrite

```
data = maskWrite (dev, address, andmask, ormask)
data = maskWrite (dev, address, andmask, ormask, serverid)
```

Read holding register at *address* from modbus device *dev* apply masking and write the change data.

writeregister value = (readregister value AND andMask) OR (orMask AND (NOT andMask))

Inputs

dev - connected modbus device
address - address to read from.
andmask - AND mask to apply to the register
ormask - OR mask to apply to the register
serverId - address to send to (0-247). Default of 1 is used if not specified.

Outputs

data - data read from the device

See also: modbus.

3.5.3 @octave_modbus/read

```
data = read (dev, target, address)
data = read (dev, target, address, count)
data = read (dev, target, address, count, serverId, precision)
```

Read data from modbus device *dev* target *target* starting at address *address*.

Inputs

dev - connected modbus device
target - target type to read. One of 'coils', 'inputs', 'inputregs' or 'holdingregs'
address - address to start reading from.
count - number of elements to read. If not provided, count is 1.

serverId - address to send to (0-247). Default of 1 is used if not specified.

precision - Optional precision for how to interpret the read data. Currently known precision values are uint16 (default), int16, uint32, int32, uint64, int64, single, double.

Outputs

data - data read from the device

See also: `modbus`.

3.5.4 @octave_modbus/set

`set (obj, property,value)` [Function File]

`set (obj, property,value,...)` [Function File]

Set the properties of modbus object.

Inputs

obj - instance of *octave_modbus* class.

property - name of property.

If *property* is a cell so must be *value*, it sets the values of all matching properties.

The function also accepts property-value pairs.

Properties

'Name' Set the stored string name of the object.

'Timeout' Set the timeout value.

'Numretries'
Set the numretries value.

'ByteOrder'
Set the byteorder value

'WordOrder'
Set the wordorder value

'UserData'
Set the userdata value

Outputs

None

See also: `@octave_modbus/get`.

3.5.5 @octave_modbus/write

`write (dev, target, address, values)`

`read (dev, target, address, values, serverId, precision)`

Write data *data* to modbus device *dev* target *target* starting at address *address*.

Inputs

dev - connected modbus device

target - target type to read. One of 'coils' or 'holdingregs'

address - address to start reading from.

data - data to write.

serverId - address to send to (0-247). Default of 1 is used if not specified.

precision - Optional precision for how to interpret the write data. Currently known precision values are uint16 (default), int16, uint32, int32, uint64, uint64, single, double.

Outputs

None

See also: modbus.

3.5.6 @octave_modbus/writeRead

```
data = writeRead (dev, writeAddress, values, readAddress, readcount)
data = writeRead (dev, writeAddress, values, readAddress, readcount,
                  serverId)
data = writeRead (dev, writeAddress, values, writePrecision, readAddress,
                  readCount, readPrecision)
```

Write data *values* to the modbus device *dev* holding registers starting at address *writeAddress* and then read *readCount* register values starting at address *readAddress*.

Inputs

dev - connected modbus device

writeAddress - address to start writing to.

values - data to write to the device.

readAddress - address to start reading from.

readCount - number of elements to read.

serverId - address to send to (0-247). Default of 1 is used if not specified.

precision - Optional precision for how to interpret the read data. Currently known precision values are uint16 (default), int16, uint32, int32, uint64, uint64, single, double.

Outputs

data - data read from the device

See also: modbus.

3.5.7 modbus

```
dev = modbus ('tcpip', deviceaddress) [Loadable Function]
dev = modbus ('tcpip', deviceaddress, remoteport) [Loadable Function]
dev = modbus ('tcpip', deviceaddress, name, value) [Loadable Function]
dev = modbus ('serialrtu', serialport) [Loadable Function]
dev = modbus ('serialrtu', serialport, name, value) [Loadable Function]
```

Open modbus interface using a specified transport of 'tcpip' or 'serialrtu'.

Inputs

deviceaddress - the device ip address of type String.

remoteport - the device remote port number. If not specified, a default of 502 will be used.

name, value - Optional name value pairs for setting properties of the object.

serialport - the name of the serial port to connect to. It must be specified when transport is 'serialrtu'.

Common Input Name, Value pairs

Timeout timeout value used for waiting for data

NumRetries number of retries after a timeout

UserData Additional data to attach to the object

Serial RTU Input Name, Value pairs

BaudRate Baudrate for the serial port

DataBits number of databits for serial port

Parity Parity for serial port ('odd', 'even' or 'none')

StopBits number of stopbits for serial port

Outputs

The `modbus()` shall return instance of *octave_modbus* class as the result *modbus*.

Properties

The *modbus* object has the following public properties:

Name name assigned to the *modbus* object

Type instrument type 'modbus' (readonly)

Port Remote port number or serial port name (readonly)

DeviceAddress Device address if transport was 'tcpip' (readonly)

Status status of the object 'open' or 'closed' (readonly)

Timeout timeout value used for waiting for data

NumRetries number of retries after a timeout

UserData Additional data to attach to the object

3.6 Parallel

3.6.1 @octave_parallel/fclose

`res = fclose (obj)` [Function File]
 Closes parallel connection *obj*

3.6.2 @octave_parallel/fopen

`res = fopen (obj) (dummy)` [Function File]
 Opens parallel interface *obj*

This currently is a dummy function to improve compatibility to MATLAB

3.6.3 @octave_parallel/fread

<code>data = fread (obj)</code>	[Function File]
<code>data = fread (obj, size)</code>	[Function File]
<code>data = fread (obj, size, precision)</code>	[Function File]
<code>[data, count] = fread (obj, ...)</code>	[Function File]
<code>[data, count, errmsg] = fread (obj, ...)</code>	[Function File]

Reads *data* from parallel instrument

Inputs

obj is a parallel object.
size Number of values to read. (Default: 1).
precision precision of data.

Outputs

data The read data.
count values read.
errmsg read operation error message.

3.6.4 @octave_parallel/fwrite

<code>numbytes = fwrite (obj, data)</code>	[Function File]
<code>numbytes = fwrite (obj, data, precision)</code>	[Function File]

Writes *data* to parallel instrument

Inputs

obj is a parallel object.
data data to write.
precision precision of data.

Outputs

returns number of bytes written.

3.6.5 parallel

<code>parallel = parallel ([path], [direction])</code>	[Loadable Function]
--------------------------------------------------------	---------------------

Open Parallel interface.

Inputs

path - the interface path of type String. If omitted defaults to '/dev/parport0'.
direction - the direction of interface drivers of type Integer, see: PP_DATADIR for more info.
 If omitted defaults to 1 (Input).

Outputs

The parallel() shall return instance of *octave_parallel* class as the result *parallel*.

3.6.6 pp_close

<code>pp_close (parallel)</code>	[Loadable Function]
----------------------------------	---------------------

Close the interface and release a file descriptor.

Inputs

parallel - instance of *octave_serial* class.

Outputs

None

3.6.7 pp_ctrl

`pp_ctrl (parallel, ctrl)` [Loadable Function]
`c = pp_ctrl (parallel)` [Loadable Function]
 Sets or Read the Control lines.

Inputs

parallel - instance of *octave_parallel* class.
ctrl - control parameter to be set of type Byte.

Outputs

If *ctrl* parameter is omitted, the `pp_ctrl()` shall return current Control lines state as the result *c*.

3.6.8 pp_data

`pp_data (parallel, data)` [Loadable Function]
`d = pp_data (parallel)` [Loadable Function]
 Sets or Read the Data lines.

Inputs

parallel - instance of *octave_parallel* class.
data - data parameter to be set of type Byte.

Outputs

If *data* parameter is omitted, the `pp_data()` shall return current Data lines state as the result *d*.

3.6.9 pp_datadir

`pp_datadir (parallel, direction)` [Loadable Function]
`dir = pp_datadir (parallel)` [Loadable Function]
 Controls the Data line drivers.

Normally the computer's parallel port will drive the data lines, but for byte-wide transfers from the peripheral to the host it is useful to turn off those drivers and let the peripheral drive the signals. (If the drivers on the computer's parallel port are left on when this happens, the port might be damaged.)

Inputs

parallel - instance of *octave_parallel* class.
direction - direction parameter of type Integer. Supported values: 0 - the drivers are turned on (Output/Forward direction); 1 - the drivers are turned off (Input/Reverse direction).

Outputs

If *direction* parameter is omitted, the `pp_datadir()` shall return current Data direction as the result *dir*.

3.6.10 pp_stat

`stat = pp_stat (parallel)` [Loadable Function]
 Reads the Status lines.

Inputs

parallel - instance of *octave_parallel* class.

Outputs

The `pp_stat()` shall return current Status lines state as the result *stat*.

3.7 Serial (Deprecated)

3.7.1 @octave_serial/fclose

`res = fclose (obj)` [Function File]
 Closes SERIAL connection *obj*

3.7.2 @octave_serial/flushinput

`flushinput (serial)` [Loadable Function]
 Flush the pending input, which will also make the BytesAvailable property be 0.

Inputs

serial - instance of *octave_serial* class.

Outputs

None

See also: `srl_flush`, `flushoutput`.

3.7.3 @octave_serial/flushoutput

`flushoutput (serial)` [Loadable Function]
 Flush the output buffer.

Inputs

serial - instance of *octave_serial* class.

Outputs

None

See also: `srl_flush`, `flushinput`.

3.7.4 @octave_serial/fopen

`res = fopen (obj) (dummy)` [Function File]
 Opens SERIAL interface *obj*
 This currently is a dummy function to improve compatibility to MATLAB

3.7.5 @octave_serial/fprintf

`numbytes = fprintf (obj, template ...)` [Function File]
 Writes formatted string *template* using optional parameters to serial instrument

Inputs

obj is a serial object.

template Format template string

Outputs

numbytes - number of bytes written to the serial device.

3.7.6 @octave_serial/fread

data = fread (*obj*) [Function File]

data = fread (*obj*, *size*) [Function File]

data = fread (*obj*, *size*, *precision*) [Function File]

[*data*, *count*] = fread (*obj*, ...) [Function File]

[*data*, *count*, *errmsg*] = fread (*obj*, ...) [Function File]

Reads *data* from serial instrument

Inputs

obj is a serial object.

size Number of values to read. (Default: 100).

precision precision of data.

Outputs

data The read data.

count values read.

errmsg read operation error message.

3.7.7 @octave_serial/fwrite

numbytes = fwrite (*obj*, *data*) [Function File]

numbytes = fwrite (*obj*, *data*, *precision*) [Function File]

Writes *data* to serial instrument

Inputs

obj is a serial object.

data data to write.

precision precision of data.

Outputs

returns number of bytes written.

3.7.8 @octave_serial/get

struct = get (*serial*) [Function File]

field = get (*serial*, *property*) [Function File]

Get the properties of serial object.

Inputs

serial - instance of *octave_serial* class.

property - name of property.

Outputs

When *property* was specified, return the value of that property.
otherwise return the values of all properties as a structure.

See also: @octave_serial/set.

3.7.9 @octave_serial/serialbreak

`serialbreak (serial)` [Function File]

`serialbreak (serial, time)` [Function File]

Send a break to the serial port

Inputs

serial - serial object

time - number of milliseconds to break for. If not specified a value of 10 will be used.

Outputs

None

See also: serial.

3.7.10 @octave_serial/set

`set (obj, property,value)` [Function File]

`set (obj, property,value,...)` [Function File]

Set the properties of serial object.

Inputs

serial - instance of *octave_serial* class.

property - name of property.

If *property* is a cell so must be *value*, it sets the values of all matching properties.

The function also accepts property-value pairs.

Properties

'baudrate' Set the baudrate of serial port. Supported values by instrument-control: 0, 50, 75, 110, 134, 150, 200, 300, 600, 1200, 1800, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200 and 230400. The supported baudrate of your serial port may be different.

'bytesize' Set the bytesize. Supported values: 5, 6, 7 and 8.

'name' Set the stored string name of the serial object.

'parity' Set the parity value. Supported values: Even/Odd/None. This Parameter must be of type string. It is case insensitive and can be abbreviated to the first letter only

'stopbits' Set the number of stopbits. Supported values: 1, 2.

'timeout' Set the timeout value in tenths of a second. Value of -1 means a blocking call. Maximum value of 255 (i.e. 25.5 seconds).

'requesttosend'
Set the requesttosend (RTS) line.

`'dataterminalready'`

Set the dataterminalready (DTR) line.

Outputs

None

See also: `@octave_serial/get`.

3.7.11 `@octave_serial/srl_baudrate`

`srl_baudrate (serial, baudrate)\` [Loadable Function]

`br = srl_baudrate (serial)` [Loadable Function]

Set new or get existing serial interface baudrate parameter. Only standard values are supported.

Inputs

serial - instance of *octave_serial* class.

baudrate - the baudrate value used. Supported values: 0, 50, 75, 110, 134, 150, 200, 300, 600, 1200, 1800, 2400, 4800, 9600 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200 and 230400.

If *baudrate* parameter is omitted, the `srl_baudrate()` shall return current baudrate value as the result *br*.

Outputs

br - The currently set baudrate

This function is obsolete. Use get and set method instead.

3.7.12 `@octave_serial/srl_bytesize`

`srl_bytesize (serial, bsize)` [Loadable Function]

`bs = srl_bytesize (serial)` [Loadable Function]

Set new or get existing serial interface byte size parameter.

Inputs

serial - instance of *octave_serial* class.

bsize - byte size of type Integer. Supported values: 5/6/7/8.

If *bsize* parameter is omitted, the `srl_bytesize()` shall return current byte size value or in case of unsupported setting -1, as the result *bs*.

This function is obsolete. Use get and set method instead.

Outputs

bs -the currently set byte size.

3.7.13 `@octave_serial/srl_close`

`srl_close (serial)` [Loadable Function]

Close the interface and release a file descriptor.

Inputs

serial - instance of *octave_serial* class.

This function is obsolete. Use `fclose()` method instead.

Outputs

None

3.7.14 @octave_serial/srl_flush

`srl_flush (serial, [q])` [Loadable Function]

Flush the pending input/output.

Inputs

serial - instance of *octave_serial* class.

q - queue selector of type Integer. Supported values:

- 0 flush untransmitted output
- 1 flush pending input
- 2 flush both pending input and untransmitted output.

If *q* parameter is omitted, the `srl_flush()` shall flush both, input and output buffers.

Outputs

None

3.7.15 @octave_serial/srl_parity

`srl_parity (serial, parity)` [Loadable Function]

`p = srl_parity (serial)` [Loadable Function]

Set new or get existing serial interface parity parameter. Even/Odd/None values are supported.

Inputs

serial - instance of *octave_serial* class.

parity - parity value of type String. Supported values: Even/Odd/None (case insensitive, can be abbreviated to the first letter only)

If *parity* parameter is omitted, the `srl_parity()` shall return current parity value as the result *p*.

This function is obsolete. Use get and set method instead.

Outputs

p - The currently set parity

3.7.16 @octave_serial/srl_stopbits

`srl_stopbits (serial, stopb)` [Loadable Function]

`sb = srl_stopbits (serial)` [Loadable Function]

Set new or get existing serial interface stop bits parameter. Only 1 or 2 stop bits are supported.

Inputs

serial - instance of *octave_serial* class.

stopb - number of stop bits used. Supported values: 1, 2.

Outputs

If *stopb* parameter is omitted, the `srl_stopbits()` shall return current stop bits value as the result *sb*.

This function is obsolete. Use `get` and `set` method instead.

3.7.17 @octave_serial/srl_timeout

`srl_timeout (serial, timeout)` [Loadable Function]

`t = srl_timeout (serial)` [Loadable Function]

Set new or get existing serial interface timeout parameter used for `srl_read()` requests. The timeout value is specified in tenths of a second.

Inputs

serial - instance of *octave_serial* class.

timeout - `srl_read()` timeout value in tenths of a second. A value of -1 means a blocking call. Maximum value of 255 (i.e. 25.5 seconds).

Outputs

If *timeout* parameter is omitted, the `srl_timeout()` shall return current timeout value as the result *t*.

This function is obsolete. Use `get` and `set` method instead.

3.7.18 serial

`serial = serial ([path], [baudrate], [timeout])` [Loadable Function]

Open serial interface.

Inputs

path - the interface path of type String.

baudrate - the baudrate of interface. If omitted defaults to 115200.

timeout - the interface timeout value. If omitted defaults to blocking call.

Outputs

The `serial()` shall return an instance of *octave_serial* class as the result *serial*.

Properties

The `serial` object has the following public properties:

<code>name</code>	name assigned to the object
<code>type</code>	instrument type 'serial' (readonly)
<code>port</code>	OS specific port name (readonly)
<code>status</code>	status of the object 'open' or 'closed' (readonly)
<code>timeout</code>	timeout value used for waiting for data
<code>bytesavailable</code>	number of bytes currently available to read (readonly)
<code>stopbits</code>	number of stopbits to use
<code>requesttosend</code>	request to send state - 'on' or 'off'

parity Parity setting 'none', 'even', 'odd'
 bytesize Number of bits to a byte (7 or 8)
 baudrate Baudrate setting
 dataterminalready
 state of dataterminal ready - 'on' or 'off'
 pinstatus current state of pins (readonly)

3.7.19 seriallist

`list = seriallist ()` [Function File]
 Returns a list of all serial ports detected in the system.

Inputs

None

Outputs

list is a string cell array of serial ports names detected in the system.

See also: `instrhwinfo("serial")`.

3.7.20 srl_read

`[data, count] = srl_read (serial, n)` [Loadable Function]
 Read from serial interface.

Inputs

serial - instance of *octave_serial* class.

n - number of bytes to attempt to read of type Integer.

Outputs

The `srl_read()` shall return number of bytes successfully read in *count* as Integer and the bytes themselves in *data* as uint8 array.

3.7.21 srl_write

`n = srl_write (serial, data)` [Loadable Function]
 Write data to a serial interface.

Inputs

serial - instance of *octave_serial* class.

data - data to be written to the serial interface. Can be either of String or uint8 type.

Outputs

Upon successful completion, `srl_write()` shall return the number of bytes written as the result *n*.

3.8 Serial Port

3.8.1 @octave_serialport/configureTerminator

`configureTerminator (serial, term)` [Function File]
`configureTerminator (serial, readterm, writeterm)` [Function File]
 Set terminator for ASCII string manipulation

Inputs

serial - serialport object

term - terminal value for both read and write

readterm = terminal value type for read data

writeterm = terminal value for written data

The terminal can be either strings "cr", "lf" (default), "lf/cr" or an integer between 0 to 255.

Outputs

None

See also: serialport.

3.8.2 @octave_serialport/flush

data = flush (*dev*)

data = flush (*dev*, "input")

data = flush (*dev*, "output")

Flush the serial port buffers

Inputs

dev - connected serialport device

If an additional parameter is provided of "input" or "output", then only the input or output buffer will be flushed

Outputs

None

See also: serialport.

3.8.3 @octave_serialport/fprintf

numbytes = fprintf (*obj*, *template* ...)

[Function File]

Writes formatted string *template* using optional parameters to serialport instrument

Inputs

obj is a serialport object.

template Format template string

Outputs

numbytes - number of bytes written to the serial device.

3.8.4 @octave_serialport/fread

data = fread (*obj*)

[Function File]

data = fread (*obj*, *size*)

[Function File]

data = fread (*obj*, *size*, *precision*)

[Function File]

[*data*, *count*] = fread (*obj*, ...)

[Function File]

[*data*, *count*, *errmsg*] = fread (*obj*, ...)

[Function File]

Reads *data* from serial port instrument

Inputs

obj is a serialport object.

size Number of values to read.

precision precision of data.

Outputs

data The read data.

count number of values read.

errmsg read operation error message.

3.8.5 @octave_serialport/fwrite

numbytes = fwrite (*obj*, *data*)

[Function File]

numbytes = fwrite (*obj*, *data*, *precision*)

[Function File]

Writes *data* to serial port instrument

Inputs

obj is a serial port object.

data data to write.

precision precision of data.

Outputs

returns number of bytes written.

3.8.6 @octave_serialport/get

struct = get (*serial*)

[Function File]

field = get (*serial*, *property*)

[Function File]

Get the properties of serialport object.

Inputs

serial - instance of *octave_serialport* class.

property - name of property.

Outputs

When *property* was specified, return the value of that property.
otherwise return the values of all properties as a structure.

See also: @octave_serial/set.

3.8.7 @octave_serialport/getpinstatus

status getpinstatus (*serial*)

[Function File]

Get status of serial pins

Inputs

serial - serial object

Outputs

status - a structure with the logic names of ClearToSend, DataSetReady, CarrierDetect, and RingIndicator

See also: serialport.

3.8.8 @octave_serialport/read

```
data = read (dev, count)
data = read (dev, count, precision)
```

Read a specified number of values from a serialport using optional precision for valuesize.

Inputs

dev - connected serialport device

count - number of elements to read

precision - Optional precision for the output data read data. Currently known precision values are uint8 (default), int8, uint16, int16, uint32, int32, uint64, int64

Outputs

data - data read from the device

See also: serialport.

3.8.9 @octave_serialport/serialbreak

```
serialbreak (serial) [Function File]
serialbreak (serial, time) [Function File]
```

Send a break to the serial port

Inputs

serial - serialport object

time - number of milliseconds to break for. If not specified a value of 10 will be used.

Outputs

None

See also: serial.

3.8.10 @octave_serialport/set

```
set (obj, property,value) [Function File]
set (obj, property,value,...) [Function File]
```

Set the properties of serialport object.

Inputs

serial - instance of *octave_serialport* class.

property - name of property.

If *property* is a cell so must be *value*, it sets the values of all matching properties.

The function also accepts property-value pairs.

Properties

- '*baudrate*' Set the baudrate of serial port. Supported values by instrument-control: 0, 50, 75, 110, 134, 150, 200, 300, 600, 1200, 1800, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200 and 230400. The supported baudrate of your serial port may be different.
- '*bytesize*' Set the bytesize. Supported values: 5, 6, 7 and 8.
- '*name*' Set the stored string name of the serial object.
- '*parity*' Set the parity value. Supported values: Even/Odd/None. This Parameter must be of type string. It is case insensitive and can be abbreviated to the first letter only
- '*stopbits*' Set the number of stopbits. Supported values: 1, 2.
- '*timeout*' Set the timeout value in tenths of a second. Value of -1 means a blocking call. Maximum value of 255 (i.e. 25.5 seconds).
- '*requesttosend*'
Set the requesttosend (RTS) line.
- '*dataterminalready*'
Set the dataterminalready (DTR) line.

Outputs

None

See also: @octave_serialport/-get.

3.8.11 @octave_serialport/setDTR

setDTR (*dev*, *true_false*)

Set the state of the DTR line

Inputs

dev - connected serial device.

true_false - state to set the line.

Outputs

None

See also: serialport, getpinstatus, setRTS.

3.8.12 @octave_serialport/setRTS

setRTS (*dev*, *true_false*)

Set the state of the RTS line

Inputs

dev - connected serial device.

true_false - state to set the line.

Outputs

None

See also: serialport, getpinstatus.

3.8.13 @octave_serialport/write

`numbytes = write(obj, data)` [Function File]
`numbytes = write(obj, data, precision)` [Function File]

Writes *data* to serialport instrument

Inputs

obj is a serialport object.

data data to write.

precision precision of data.

Outputs

returns number of bytes written.

3.8.14 serialport

`serial = serialport([path], [baudrate])` [Loadable Function]
`serial = serialport([path], [propname, propvalue])` [Loadable Function]

Open serial port interface.

Inputs

path - the interface path of type String.

baudrate - the baudrate of interface.

propname, propvalue - property name/value pairs.

Known input properties:

BaudRate Numeric baudrate value

Timeout Numeric timeout value in seconds or -1 to wait forever

StopBits number of stopbits to use

Parity Parity setting 'none', 'even', 'odd'

DataBits Number of bits to a byte (5 to 8)

FlowControl

Number of bits to a byte 'none', 'hardware', 'software'

Outputs

The `serialport()` shall return an instance of *octave_serialport* class as the result *serial*.

Properties

The serial object has the following public properties:

Name name assigned to the object

Type instrument type 'serial' (readonly)

Port OS specific port name (readonly)

Status status of the object 'open' or 'closed' (readonly)

Timeout timeout value used for waiting for data

NumBytesAvailable

number of bytes currently available to read (readonly)

NumBytesWritten number of bytes written (readonly)
 StopBits number of stopbits to use
 Parity Parity setting 'none', 'even', 'odd'
 DataBits Number of bits to a byte (5 to 8)
 BaudRate Baudrate setting
 FlowControl Number of bits to a byte 'none', 'hardware', 'software'
 PinStatus current state of pins (readonly)
 UserData user defined data

3.8.15 serialportlist

`list = serialportlist ()` [Function File]
`list = serialportlist ("all")` [Function File]
`list = serialportlist ("available")` [Function File]
 Returns a list of all serial ports detected in the system.

Inputs

'all' - show all serial ports (same as providing no arguments) 'available' - show only serial ports that are available for use

Outputs

list is a string cell array of serial ports names detected in the system.

See also: `instrhwinfo("serialport")`.

3.9 SPI

3.9.1 @octave_spi/fclose

`res = fclose (obj)` [Function File]
 Closes SPI connection *obj*

3.9.2 @octave_spi/fopen

`res = fopen (obj) (dummy)` [Function File]
 Opens SPI connection *obj*

This currently is a dummy function to improve compatibility to MATLAB

3.9.3 @octave_spi/fread

`data = fread (obj)` [Function File]
`data = fread (obj, size)` [Function File]
`data = fread (obj, size, precision)` [Function File]
`[data, count] = fread (obj, ...)` [Function File]
`[data, count, errmsg] = fread (obj, ...)` [Function File]
 Reads *data* from a SPI instrument

Inputs

obj is a SPI object.

size Number of values to read. (Default: 10).

precision precision of data.

Outputs

data data values.

count number of values read.

errmsg read operation error message.

3.9.4 @octave_spi/fwrite

numbytes = `fwrite (obj, data)`

[Function File]

numbytes = `fwrite (obj, data, precision)`

[Function File]

Writes *data* to SPI instrument

Inputs

obj is a SPI object.

data data to write.

precision precision of data.

Outputs

returns number of bytes written.

3.9.5 @octave_spi/get

struct = `get (spi)`

[Function File]

field = `get (spi, property)`

[Function File]

Get the properties of spi object.

Inputs

spi - instance of *octave_spi* class.

property - name of property.

Properties

'*name*' Name for the spi socket.

'*bitrate*' The bitrate for the spi object.

'*clockpolarity*'
The clock polarity for the spi object of 'idlehigh' or 'idlelow'.

'*clockphase*'
The clock phase for the spi object of 'firstedge' or 'secondedge'.

'*port*' The device port name.

'*status*' The device status of 'open' or 'closed'

Outputs

When *property* was specified, return the value of that property.
otherwise return the values of all properties as a structure.

See also: @octave_spi/set.

3.9.6 @octave_spi/read

```
data = read (obj) [Function File]
data = read (obj, size) [Function File]
```

Reads *data* from SPI instrument

Inputs

obj is a SPI object.
size Number of values to read. (Default: 10).

Outputs

data data values.

3.9.7 @octave_spi/set

```
set (obj, property,value) [Function File]
set (obj, property,value,...) [Function File]
```

Set the properties of spi object.

Inputs

obj - instance of *octave_spi* class.
property - name of property.

If *property* is a cell so must be *value*, it sets the values of all matching properties.
The function also accepts property-value pairs.

Properties

'name' Set the name for the spi socket.
'bitrate' Set the bitrate for the spi object.
'clockpolarity'
Set the clock polarity for the spi object of 'idlehigh' or 'idlelow'.
'clockphase'
Set the clock phase for the spi object of 'firstedge' or 'secondedge'.

Outputs

None

See also: @octave_spi/get.

3.9.8 @octave_spi/write

```
numbytes = fwrite (obj, data) [Function File]
```

Writes *data* to SPI instrument

Inputs

obj is a SPI object.
data data to write.

Outputs

returns number of bytes written.

3.9.9 @octave_spi/writeAndRead

data = writeAndRead (*obj*, *wrdata*)

[Function File]

Writes and reads *data* from SPI instrument

Inputs

obj is a SPI object.
wrdata Data to write.

Outputs

data data values read.

3.9.10 spi

spi = spi ([*port_path*])

[Loadable Function]

spi = spi ([*port_path*], [*propname*, *propvalue*])

[Loadable Function]

Open a spi interface.

Inputs

port_path - the interface device port/path of type String. If omitted defaults to '/dev/spi-0'.
propname,propvalue - property name/value pairs.

Known input properties:

name	Name of the object
bitrate	Numeric bitrate value
clockpolarity	Clock polarity: idlehigh or idlelow.
clockphase	Clock phase value: firstedge or secondedge

Outputs

spi - An instance of *octave_spi* class.

Properties

The spi object has the following properties:

name	Name of the object
status	Open or closed status of object (readonly).
bitrate	Numeric bitrate value

clockpolarity
Clock polarity: idlehigh or idlelow.

clockphase
Clock phase value: firstedge or secondedge

port
The interface driver port (readonly)

3.9.11 spi_close

spi_close (*spi*) [Loadable Function]
Close the interface and release a file descriptor.

Inputs

spi - instance of *octave_spi* class.

Outputs

None

3.9.12 spi_read

[data, count] = spi_read (*spi*, *n*) [Loadable Function]
Read from spi slave device.

Inputs

spi - instance of *octave_spi* class.
n - number of bytes to attempt to read of type Integer.

Outputs

The spi_read() shall return number of bytes successfully read in *count* as Integer and the bytes themselves in *data* as uint8 array.

3.9.13 spi_write

n = spi_write (*spi*, *data*) [Loadable Function]
Write data to a spi slave device.

Inputs

spi - instance of *octave_spi* class.
data - data, of type uint8, to be written to the slave device.

Outputs

Upon successful completion, spi_write() shall return the number of bytes written as the result *n*.

3.9.14 spi_writeAndRead

rddata = spi_writeAndRead (*spi*, *wrdata*) [Loadable Function]
Write data to a spi slave device and then read same number of values.

Inputs

spi - instance of *octave_spi* class.
wrdata - data, of type uint8, to be written to the slave device.

Outputs

Upon successful completion, `spi_writeAndRead()` shall return the bytes read.

3.10 TCP (Deprecated)

3.10.1 @octave_tcp/fclose

`res = fclose (obj)` [Function File]
 Closes TCP connection *obj*

3.10.2 @octave_tcp/flush

`data = flush (dev)`
`data = flush (dev, "input")`
`data = flush (dev, "output")`
 Flush the tcp socket buffers

Inputs

dev - connected tcp device

If an additional parameter is provided of "input" or "output", then only the input or output buffer will be flushed

Outputs

None

See also: `serialport`.

3.10.3 @octave_tcp/flushinput

`flushinput (tcp)` [Loadable Function]
 Flush the pending input, which will also make the BytesAvailable property be 0.

Inputs

tcp - instance of *octave_tcp* class.

Outputs

None.

See also: `flushoutput`.

3.10.4 @octave_tcp/flushoutput

`flushoutput (tcp)` [Loadable Function]
 Flush the output buffer.

Inputs

tcp - instance of *octave_tcp* class.

Outputs

None.

See also: `flushinput`.

3.10.5 @octave_tcp/fopen

`res = fopen (obj) (dummy)` [Function File]

Opens TCP connection *obj*

This currently is a dummy function to improve compatibility to MATLAB

3.10.6 @octave_tcp/fprintf

`numbytes = fprintf (obj, template ...)` [Function File]

Writes formatted string *template* using optional parameters to TCP instrument

Inputs

obj is a TCP object.

template Format template string

Outputs

Number of characters written

3.10.7 @octave_tcp/fread

`data = fread (obj)` [Function File]

`data = fread (obj, size)` [Function File]

`data = fread (obj, size, precision)` [Function File]

`[data, count] = fread (obj, ...)` [Function File]

`[data, count, errormsg] = fread (obj, ...)` [Function File]

Reads *data* from TCP instrument

Inputs

obj is a TCP object.

size Number of values to read. (Default: 100).

precision precision of data.

Outputs

data data read.

count values read.

errormsg read operation error message.

3.10.8 @octave_tcp/fwrite

`numbytes = fwrite (obj, data)` [Function File]

`numbytes = fwrite (obj, data, precision)` [Function File]

Writes *data* to TCP instrument

Inputs

obj is a TCP object.

data data to write.

precision precision of data.

Outputs

returns number of bytes written.

3.10.9 @octave_tcp/get

```
struct = get (tcp) [Function File]
field = get (tcp, property) [Function File]
```

Get the properties of *tcp* object.

Inputs

tcp - instance of *octave_tcp* class.
property - name of property.

Outputs

When *property* was specified, return the value of that property.
 otherwise return the values of all properties as a structure.

See also: @octave_tcp/set.

3.10.10 @octave_tcp/read

```
data = read (obj) [Function File]
data = read (obj, size) [Function File]
data = read (obj, size, datatype) [Function File]
```

Reads *data* from TCP instrument

Inputs

obj is a TCP object.
size Number of values to read. (Default: 100).
datatype datatype of data.

Outputs

data data read.

3.10.11 @octave_tcp/set

```
set (obj, property, value) [Function File]
set (obj, property, value, ...) [Function File]
```

Set the properties of *tcp* object.

Inputs

If *property* is a cell so must be *value*, it sets the values of all matching properties.
 The function also accepts property-value pairs.

Properties

'name' Set the name for the tcp socket.
 'remotehost' Set the remote host name for the tcp socket.
 'remoteport' Set the remote port for the tcp socket.
 'timeout' Set the timeout value in seconds. Value of -1 means a blocking call.

Outputs

None

See also: @octave_tcp/get.

3.10.12 @octave_tcp/write

```
numbytes = write (obj, data) [Function File]
numbytes = write (obj, data, datatype) [Function File]
```

Writes *data* to TCP instrument

Inputs

obj is a TCP object.

data data to write.

datatype datatype of data. If not specified, it defaults to "uint8".

Outputs

returns number of bytes written.

3.10.13 tcp

```
tcp = tcp () [Loadable Function]
tcp = tcp (ipaddress) [Loadable Function]
tcp = tcp (ipaddress, port) [Loadable Function]
tcp = tcp (ipaddress, port, timeout) [Loadable Function]
tcp = tcp (ipaddress, [propertyname, propertyvalue]) [Loadable Function]
tcp = tcp (ipaddress, port, [propertyname, [Loadable Function]
    propertyvalue])
```

Open tcp interface.

Inputs

ipaddress - the ip address of type String. If omitted defaults to '127.0.0.1'.

port - the port number to connect. If omitted defaults to 23.

timeout - the interface timeout value. If omitted defaults to blocking call.

propname,propvalue - property name/value pairs.

Known input properties:

name name value

timeout Numeric timeout value or -1 to wait forever

Outputs

The tcp() shall return instance of *octave_tcp* class as the result *tcp*.

Properties

The tcp object has the following public properties:

name name assigned to the tcp object

type instrument type 'tcp' (readonly)

localport local port number (readonly)

remoteport
 remote port number

`remotehost`
 remote host
`status` status of the object 'open' or 'closed' (readonly)
`timeout` timeout value in seconds used for waiting for data
`bytesavailable`
 number of bytes currently available to read (readonly)

3.10.14 tcp_close

`tcp_close (tcp)` [Loadable Function]
 Close the interface and release a file descriptor.

Inputs

tcp - instance of *octave_tcp* class.

Outputs

None

3.10.15 tcp_read

`[data, count] = tcp_read (tcp, n, timeout)` [Loadable Function]
 Read from tcp interface.

Inputs

tcp - instance of *octave_tcp* class.
n - number of bytes to attempt to read of type Integer
timeout - timeout in ms if different from default of type Integer

Outputs

count - number of bytes successfully read as an Integer
data - data bytes themselves as uint8 array.

3.10.16 tcp_timeout

`tcp_timeout (tcp, timeout)` [Loadable Function]
`t = tcp_timeout (tcp)` [Loadable Function]
 Set new or get existing tcp interface timeout parameter used for `tcp_read()` requests. The timeout value is specified in milliseconds.

Inputs

tcp - instance of *octave_tcp* class.
timeout - `tcp_read()` timeout value in milliseconds. Value of -1 means a blocking call.

Outputs

If *timeout* parameter is omitted, the `tcp_timeout()` shall return current timeout value as the result *t*.

3.10.17 tcp_write

`n = tcp_write (tcp, data)` [Loadable Function]
 Write data to a tcp interface.

Inputs

tcp - instance of *octave_tcp* class.

data - data to be written to the tcp interface. Can be either of String or uint8 type.

Outputs

Upon successful completion, *tcp_write()* shall return the number of bytes written as the result *n*.

3.10.18 tcpip

tcp = *tcpip* (*host*, [*port*], [*PropertyName*, *PropertyValue*...]) [Function File]

Matlab compatible wrapper to the tcp interface.

NOTE: *tcpip* has been deprecated. Use *tcpclient* instead

Inputs

host - the host name or ip.

port - the port number to connect. If omitted defaults to 80.

PropertyName, *PropertyValue* - Optional property name, value pairs to set on the tcp object.

Properties

Currently the only known properties are "timeout" and "name".

Outputs

tcpip will return an instance of *octave_tcp* class as the result.

3.11 TCP Client

3.11.1 @octave_tcpclient/configureTerminator

configureTerminator (*tcp*, *term*) [Function File]

configureTerminator (*tcp*, *readterm*, *writeterm*) [Function File]

Set terminator on a *tcpclient* object for ASCII string manipulation

Inputs

tcp - *tcpclient* object

term - terminal value for both read and write

readterm = terminal value type for read data

writeterm = terminal value for written data

The terminal can be either strings "cr", "lf" (default), "lf/cr" or an integer between 0 to 255.

Outputs

None

See also: *tcpport*.

3.11.2 @octave_tcpclient/flush

data = *flush* (*dev*)

data = *flush* (*dev*, "input")

data = *flush* (*dev*, "output")

Flush the *tcpclient* socket buffers

Inputs

dev - connected tcpclient device

If an additional parameter is provided of "input" or "output", then only the input or output buffer will be flushed

Outputs

None

See also: serialport.

3.11.3 @octave_tcpclient/get

struct = `get (tcpclient)` [Function File]

field = `get (tcpclient, property)` [Function File]

Get the properties of tcpclient object.

Inputs

tcpclient - instance of *octave_tcpclient* class.

property - name of property.

Outputs

When *property* was specified, return the value of that property.
otherwise return the values of all properties as a structure.

See also: @octave_tcpclient/set.

3.11.4 @octave_tcpclient/read

data = `read (obj)` [Function File]

data = `read (obj, size)` [Function File]

data = `read (obj, size, datatype)` [Function File]

Reads *data* from TCP instrument

Inputs

obj is a TCP object.

size Number of values to read. (Default: NumBytesAvailable).

datatype datatype of data.

Outputs

data data read.

3.11.5 @octave_tcpclient/set

`set (obj, property,value)` [Function File]

`set (obj, property,value,...)` [Function File]

Set the properties of tcpclient object.

Inputs

If *property* is a cell so must be *value*, it sets the values of all matching properties.

The function also accepts property-value pairs.

Properties

'Name' Set the name for the tcpclient socket.

'UserData' Set user data for the tcpclient socket.

'Timeout' Set the timeout value in seconds. Value of -1 means a blocking call.

Outputs

None

See also: @octave_tcpclient/get.

3.11.6 @octave_tcpclient/write

`numbytes = write(obj, data)` [Function File]

`numbytes = write(obj, data, datatype)` [Function File]

Writes *data* to TCP instrument

Inputs

obj is a TCPClient object.

data data to write.

datatype datatype of data. If not specified, it defaults to "uint8".

Outputs

returns number of bytes written.

3.11.7 tcpclient

`tcpclient = tcpclient(ipaddress, port)` [Loadable Function]

`tcpclient = tcpclient(ipaddress, port, [propertyname, propertyvalue])` [Loadable Function]

Open tcpclient interface.

Inputs

ipaddress - the ip address of type String.

port - the port number to connect.

propname, propvalue - property name/value pairs.

Known input properties:

Name name value

Timeout Numeric timeout value or -1 to wait forever

UserData User data value.

Outputs

The `tcpclient()` shall return instance of *octave_tcpclient* class as the result *tcpclient*.

Properties

The `tcpclient` object has the following public properties:

Name name assigned to the tcpclient object

Type instrument type 'tcpclient' (readonly)

Port	remote port number (Readonly)
Address	remote host address (Readonly)
Status	status of the object 'open' or 'closed' (readonly)
Timeout	timeout value in seconds used for waiting for data
NumBytesAvailable	number of bytes currently available to read (readonly)
NumBytesWritten	number of bytes currently available to read (readonly)
ByteOrder	Byte order for data (currently not used)
Terminator	Terminator value used for string data (currently not used)
UserData	User data

3.12 TCP Server

3.12.1 @octave_tcpserver/configureTerminator

`configureTerminator (tcp, term)` [Function File]
`configureTerminator (tcp, readterm, writeterm)` [Function File]

Set terminator on a tcpserver object for ASCII string manipulation

Inputs

tcp - tcpserver object
term - terminal value for both read and write
readterm = terminal value type for read data
writeterm = terminal value for written data

The terminal can be either strings "cr", "lf" (default), "lf/cr" or an integer between 0 to 255.

Outputs

None

See also: tcpport.

3.12.2 @octave_tcpserver/flush

`data = flush (dev)`
`data = flush (dev, "input")`
`data = flush (dev, "output")`
 Flush the tcpserver socket buffers

Inputs

dev - connected tcpserver device
 If an additional parameter is provided of "input" or "output", then only the input or output buffer will be flushed

Outputs

None

See also: serialport.

3.12.3 @octave_tcpserver/get

`struct = get (tcpserver)` [Function File]
`field = get (tcpserver, property)` [Function File]
 Get the properties of tcpserver object.

Inputs

tcpserver - instance of *octave_tcpserver* class.
property - name of property.

Outputs

When *property* was specified, return the value of that property.
 otherwise return the values of all properties as a structure.

See also: @octave_tcpserver/set.

3.12.4 @octave_tcpserver/read

`data = read (obj)` [Function File]
`data = read (obj, size)` [Function File]
`data = read (obj, size, datatype)` [Function File]
 Reads *data* from TCP instrument

Inputs

obj is a TCP Server object.
size Number of values to read. (Default: NumBytesAvailable).
datatype datatype of data.

Outputs

data data read.

3.12.5 @octave_tcpserver/set

`set (obj, property,value)` [Function File]
`set (obj, property,value,...)` [Function File]
 Set the properties of tcpserver object.

Inputs

If *property* is a cell so must be *value*, it sets the values of all matching properties.
 The function also accepts property-value pairs.

Properties

'Name' Set the name for the tcpserver socket.

'UserData' Set user data for the tcpserver socket.

'Timeout' Set the timeout value in seconds. Value of -1 means a blocking call.

Outputs

None

See also: @octave_tcpserver/get.

3.12.6 @octave_tcpserver/write

numbytes = write (*obj*, *data*) [Function File]
numbytes = write (*obj*, *data*, *datatype*) [Function File]
 Writes *data* to TCP instrument

Inputs

obj is a TCPServer object.

data data to write.

datatype datatype of data. If not specified, it defaults to "uint8".

Outputs

returns number of bytes written.

3.12.7 tcpserver

tcpserver = tcpserver (*ipaddress*, *port*) [Loadable Function]
tcpserver = tcpserver (*port*) [Loadable Function]
tcpserver = tcpserver (... , [propertyname,
 propertyvalue]) [Loadable Function]
 Open tcpserver interface.

Inputs

ipaddress - the ip address of type String.

port - the port number to bind.

propname,propvalue - property name/value pairs.

Known input properties:

Name name value

Timeout Numeric timeout value or -1 to wait forever

UserData User data value.

Outputs

The tcpserver() shall return instance of *octave_tcpserver* class as the result *tcpserver*.

Properties

The tcpserver object has the following public properties:

Connected boolean flag for when connected to a client (Readonly)

ClientPort connected client port number (Readonly)

ClientAddress
 connected client address (Readonly)

Name name assigned to the tcpserver object

Type instrument type 'tcpserver' (readonly)

ServerPort	server port number (Readonly)
ServerAddress	server address (Readonly)
Status	status of the object 'open' or 'closed' (readonly)
Timeout	timeout value in seconds used for waiting for data
NumBytesAvailable	number of bytes currently available to read (readonly)
NumBytesWritten	number of bytes currently available to read (readonly)
ByteOrder	Byte order for data (currently not used)
Terminator	Terminator value used for string data (currently not used)
UserData	User data

3.13 UDP (Deprecated)

3.13.1 @octave_udp/fclose

`res = fclose (obj)` [Function File]
 Closes UDP connection *obj*

3.13.2 @octave_udp/flush

`data = flush (dev)`
`data = flush (dev, "input")`
`data = flush (dev, "output")`
 Flush the udp socket buffers

Inputs

dev - open udp device

If an additional parameter is provided of "input" or "output", then only the input or output buffer will be flushed

Outputs

None

See also: udp.

3.13.3 @octave_udp/flushinput

`flushinput (udp)` [Loadable Function]
 Flush the pending input, which will also make the BytesAvailable property be 0.

Inputs

udp - instance of *octave_udp* class.

Outputs

None

See also: flushoutput.

3.13.4 @octave_udp/flushoutput

`flushoutput (udp)`

[Loadable Function]

Flush the output buffer.

Inputs

udp - instance of *octave_udp* class.

Outputs

None

See also: flushinput.

3.13.5 @octave_udp/fopen

`res = fopen (obj) (dummy)`

[Function File]

Opens UDP connection *obj* This currently is a dummy function to improve compatibility to MATLAB

3.13.6 @octave_udp/fprintf

`numbytes = fprintf (obj, template ...)`

[Function File]

Writes formatted string *template* using optional parameters to UDP instrument

Inputs

obj is a UDP object.

template Format template string.

Outputs

numbytes is the number of bytes written to the device

3.13.7 @octave_udp/fread

`data = fread (obj)`

[Function File]

`data = fread (obj, size)`

[Function File]

`data = fread (obj, size, precision)`

[Function File]

`[data, count] = fread (obj, ...)`

[Function File]

`[data, count, errmsg] = fread (obj, ...)`

[Function File]

Reads *data* from UDP instrument

Inputs

obj is a UDP object.

size Number of values to read. (Default: 100).

precision precision of data.

Outputs

data data values.

count number of values read.

errmsg read operation error message.

3.13.8 @octave_udp/fwrite

numbytes = fwrite (*obj*, *data*)

[Function File]

numbytes = fwrite (*obj*, *data*, *precision*)

[Function File]

Writes *data* to UDP instrument

Inputs

obj is a UDP object.

data data to write.

precision precision of data.

Outputs

returns number of bytes written.

3.13.9 @octave_udp/get

struct = get (*udp*)

[Function File]

field = get (*udp*, *property*)

[Function File]

Get the properties of *udp* object.

Inputs

udp - instance of *octave_udp* class.

property - name of property.

Outputs

When *property* was specified, return the value of that property.

otherwise return the values of all properties as a structure.

See also: @octave_udp/set.

3.13.10 @octave_udp/read

data = read (*obj*)

[Function File]

data = read (*obj*, *size*)

[Function File]

data = read (*obj*, *size*, *datatype*)

[Function File]

Reads *data* from UDP instrument

Inputs

obj is a UDP object.

size Number of values to read. (Default: BytesAvailable).

datatype datatype of data.

Outputs

data data read.

3.13.11 @octave_udp/set

`set (obj, property,value)` [Function File]
`set (obj, property,value,...)` [Function File]
 Set the properties of udp object.

Inputs

obj - instance of *octave_udp* class.

property - name of property.

If *property* is a cell so must be *value*, it sets the values of all matching properties.
 The function also accepts property-value pairs.

Properties

'name' Set the name for the udp socket.
 'remotehost' Set the remote host name for the udp socket.
 'remoteport' Set the remote port for the udp socket.
 'timeout' Set the timeout value in seconds. Value of -1 means a blocking call.

Outputs

None

See also: @octave_udp/get.

3.13.12 @octave_udp/write

`numbytes = write (obj, data)` [Function File]
`numbytes = write (obj, data, destinationAddress,` [Function File]
 `destinationPort))`
`numbytes = write (obj, data, datatype)` [Function File]
`numbytes = write (obj, data, datatype, destinationAddress,` [Function File]
 `destinationPort)`
 Writes *data* to UDP instrument

Inputs

obj is a UDP object.

data data to write.

datatype datatype of data. If not specified defaults to uint8.

destinationAddress ipaddress to send to. If not specified, use the remote address.

destinationPort port to send to. If not specified, use the remote port.

Outputs

returns number of bytes written.

3.13.13 udp

`udp = udp ()` [Loadable Function]
`udp = udp (remoteipaddress, remoteport)` [Loadable Function]
`udp = udp (remoteipaddress, remoteport, [propertyname, propertyvalue ...])` [Loadable Function]

Open udp interface.

Inputs

remoteipaddress - the ip address of type String. If omitted defaults to '127.0.0.1'.

remoteport - the port number to connect. If omitted defaults to 23.

localport - the local port number to bind. If omitted defaults to 0

propertyname, propertyvalue - property name/value pair

Outputs

The `udp()` shall return instance of *octave_udp* class as the result *udp*.

Properties

The `udp` object has the following public properties:

<code>name</code>	name assigned to the <code>udp</code> object
<code>type</code>	instrument type 'udp' (readonly)
<code>localport</code>	local port number (readonly)
<code>localhost</code>	local host address (readonly)
<code>remoteport</code>	remote port number
<code>remotehost</code>	remote host
<code>status</code>	status of the object 'open' or 'closed' (readonly)
<code>timeout</code>	timeout value in seconds used for waiting for data
<code>bytesavailable</code>	number of bytes currently available to read (readonly)

3.13.14 udp_close

`udp_close (udp)` [Loadable Function]
 Close the interface and release a file descriptor.

Inputs

udp - instance of *octave_udp* class.

Inputs

None

3.13.15 udp_demo

`result = udp_demo ()` [Function File]
 Run test SNTP demonstration for `udp` class

See also: `udp`.

3.13.16 udp_read

`[data, count] = udp_read (udp, n, timeout)` [Loadable Function]
 Read from udp interface.

Inputs

udp - instance of *octave_udp* class.
n - number of bytes to attempt to read of type Integer
timeout - timeout in ms if different from default of type Integer

Outputs

The `udp_read()` shall return number of bytes successfully read in *count* as Integer and the bytes themselves in *data* as uint8 array.

3.13.17 udp_timeout

`udp_timeout (udp, timeout)` [Loadable Function]
`t = udp_timeout (udp)` [Loadable Function]
 Set new or get existing udp interface timeout parameter used for `udp_read()` requests. The timeout value is specified in milliseconds.

Inputs

udp - instance of *octave_udp* class.
timeout - `udp_read()` timeout value in milliseconds. Value of -1 means a blocking call.

Outputs

If *timeout* parameter is omitted, the `udp_timeout()` shall return current timeout value as the result *t*.

3.13.18 udp_write

`n = udp_write (udp, data)` [Loadable Function]
 Write data to a udp interface.

Inputs

udp - instance of *octave_udp* class.
data - data to be written to the udp interface. Can be either of String or uint8 type.

Outputs

Upon successful completion, `udp_write()` shall return the number of bytes written as the result *n*.

3.14 UDP Port

3.14.1 @octave_udpport/configureMulticast

`data = configureMulticast((dev, address)`
`data = configureMulticast((dev, "off")`
 Configure udpport device to receive multicast data

Inputs

dev - open udpport device
 If *address* is 'off' disable udp multicast. Otherwise it is the multicast address to use.

Outputs

None

See also: `udpport`.

3.14.2 @octave_udpport/configureTerminator

`configureTerminator (udp, term)`

[Function File]

`configureTerminator (udp, readterm, writeterm)`

[Function File]

Set terminator for ASCII string manipulation

Inputs

udp - `udpport` object

term - terminal value for both read and write

readterm = terminal value type for read data

writeterm = terminal value for written data

The terminal can be either strings "cr", "lf" (default), "lf/cr" or an integer between 0 to 255.

Outputs

None

See also: `udpport`.

3.14.3 @octave_udpport/flush

`data = flush (dev)`

`data = flush (dev, "input")`

`data = flush (dev, "output")`

Flush the `udpport` socket buffers

Inputs

dev - open `udpport` device

If an additional parameter is provided of "input" or "output", then only the input or output buffer will be flushed

Outputs

None

See also: `udpport`.

3.14.4 @octave_udpport/fprintf

`numbytes = fprintf (obj, template ...)`

[Function File]

Writes formatted string *template* using optional parameters to UDP instrument

Inputs

obj is a `UDPPort` object.

template Format template string.

Outputs

numbytes is the number of bytes written to the device

3.14.5 @octave_udpport/fread

<code>data = fread (obj)</code>	[Function File]
<code>data = fread (obj, size)</code>	[Function File]
<code>data = fread (obj, size, precision)</code>	[Function File]
<code>[data, count] = fread (obj, ...)</code>	[Function File]
<code>[data, count, errmsg] = fread (obj, ...)</code>	[Function File]

Reads *data* from UDP instrument

Inputs

obj is a UDP port object.
size Number of values to read. (Default: 100).
precision precision of data.

Outputs

data data values.
count number of values read.
errmsg read operation error message.

3.14.6 @octave_udpport/fwrite

<code>numbytes = fwrite (obj, data)</code>	[Function File]
<code>numbytes = fwrite (obj, data, precision)</code>	[Function File]

Writes *data* to UDP instrument

Inputs

obj is a UDP port object.
data data to write.
precision precision of data.

Outputs

returns number of bytes written.

3.14.7 @octave_udpport/get

<code>struct = get (udpport)</code>	[Function File]
<code>field = get (udpport, property)</code>	[Function File]

Get the properties of udpport object.

Inputs

udpport - instance of *octave_udpport* class.

property - name of property.

Outputs

When *property* was specified, return the value of that property.
otherwise return the values of all properties as a structure.

See also: @octave_udpport/set.

3.14.8 @octave_udpport/read

`data = read (obj)` [Function File]
`data = read (obj, size)` [Function File]
`data = read (obj, size, datatype)` [Function File]
 Reads *data* from UDP instrument

Inputs

obj is a UDP object.
size Number of values to read. (Default: BytesAvailable).
datatype datatype of data.

Outputs

data data read.

3.14.9 @octave_udpport/set

`set (obj, property,value)` [Function File]
`set (obj, property,value,...)` [Function File]
 Set the properties of udpport object.

Inputs

obj - instance of *octave_udpport* class.
property - name of property.

If *property* is a cell so must be *value*, it sets the values of all matching properties.
 The function also accepts property-value pairs.

Properties

'Name' Set the name for the udpport socket.
'UserData' Set the user data of the object.
'Timeout' Set the timeout value in seconds. Value of -1 means a blocking call.

Outputs

None

See also: @octave_udpport/get.

3.14.10 @octave_udpport/write

`numbytes = write (obj, data)` [Function File]
`numbytes = write (obj, data, destinationAddress, destinationPort)` [Function File]
`numbytes = write (obj, data, datatype)` [Function File]
`numbytes = write (obj, data, datatype, destinationAddress, destinationPort)` [Function File]
 Writes *data* to UDP instrument

Inputs

obj is a UDPPort object.

data data to write.

datatype datatype of data. If not specified defaults to uint8.

destinationAddress ipaddress to send to. If not specified, use the previously used remote address.

destinationPort port to send to. If not specified, use the remote port.

Outputs

returns number of bytes written.

3.14.11 udpport

udp = `udpport ()` [Loadable Function]

udp = `udpport (propertyname, propertyvalue ...)` [Loadable Function]

Open udpport interface.

Inputs

propertyname, *propertyvalue* - property name/value pair

Known input properties:

Name name assigned to the udp object

LocalPort local port number

LocalHost local host address

Timeout timeout value in seconds used for waiting for data

EnablePortSharing
 Boolean if the socket has port sharing enabled (readonly)

Outputs

The `udpport()` shall return instance of *octave_udp* class as the result *udp*.

Properties

The *udp* object has the following public properties:

Name name assigned to the udp object

Type instrument type 'udpport' (readonly)

LocalPort local port number (readonly)

LocalHost local host address (readonly)

Status status of the object 'open' or 'closed' (readonly)

Timeout timeout value in seconds used for waiting for data

NumBytesAvailable
 number of bytes currently available to read (readonly)

MulticastGroup
 multicast group socket is subscribed to (readonly)

EnableMulticast
 Boolean if the socket has any multicast group it is subscribed to (readonly)

EnablePortSharing

Boolean if the socket has port sharing enabled (readonly)

Terminator

Terminator value used for string data (currently not used)

3.15 USBTMC

3.15.1 @octave_usbtmc/fclose

res = `fclose` (*obj*) [Function File]

Closes USBTMC connection *obj*

Inputs

obj is a usbtmc object.

3.15.2 @octave_usbtmc/fopen

res = `fopen` (*obj*) (*dummy*) [Function File]

Opens USBTMC connection *obj* This currently is a dummy function to improve compatibility to MATLAB

3.15.3 @octave_usbtmc/fread

data = `fread` (*obj*) [Function File]

data = `fread` (*obj*, *size*) [Function File]

data = `fread` (*obj*, *size*, *precision*) [Function File]

[*data*, *count*] = `fread` (*obj*, ...) [Function File]

[*data*, *count*, *errmsg*] = `fread` (*obj*, ...) [Function File]

Reads *data* from usbtmc instrument

Inputs

obj is a usbtmc object.

size Number of values to read. (Default: 100).

precision precision of data.

Outputs

data The read data.

count values read.

errmsg read operation error message.

3.15.4 @octave_usbtmc/fwrite

numbytes = `fwrite` (*obj*, *data*) [Function File]

numbytes = `fwrite` (*obj*, *data*, *precision*) [Function File]

Writes *data* to an usbtmc instrument

Inputs

obj is a usbtmc object.

data data to write.

precision precision of data.

Outputs

returns number of bytes written.

3.15.5 usbtmc

`usbtmc = usbtmc (path)`

[Loadable Function]

Open usbtmc interface.

Inputs

path - the interface path of type String. If omitted defaults to `'/dev/usbtmc0'`.

Outputs

The `usbtmc()` shall return instance of *octave_usbtmc* class as the result *usbtmc*.

3.15.6 usbtmc_close

`usbtmc_close (usbtmc)`

[Loadable Function]

Close the interface and release a file descriptor.

Inputs

usbtmc - instance of *octave_usbtmc* class.

Outputs

None

3.15.7 usbtmc_read

`[data, count] = usbtmc_read (usbtmc, n)`

[Loadable Function]

Read from usbtmc slave device.

Inputs

usbtmc - instance of *octave_usbtmc* class.

n - number of bytes to attempt to read of type Integer.

Outputs

count - the number of bytes successfully read as an Integer.

data - the read bytes as a uint8 array.

3.15.8 usbtmc_write

`n = usbtmc_write (usbtmc, data)`

[Loadable Function]

Write data to a usbtmc slave device.

Inputs

usbtmc - instance of *octave_usbtmc* class.

data - data, of type uint8, to be written to the slave device.

Outputs

Upon successful completion, `usbtmc_write()` shall return the number of bytes written as the result *n*.

3.16 VXI11

3.16.1 @octave_vxi11/fclose

`res = fclose (obj)` [Function File]
 Closes VXI11 connection *obj*

3.16.2 @octave_vxi11/fopen

`res = fopen (obj) (dummy)` [Function File]
 Opens VXI11 connection *obj* This currently is a dummy function to improve compatibility to MATLAB

3.16.3 @octave_vxi11/fread

`data = fread (obj)` [Function File]
`data = fread (obj, size)` [Function File]
`data = fread (obj, size, precision)` [Function File]
`[data, count] = fread (obj, ...)` [Function File]
`[data, count, errmsg] = fread (obj, ...)` [Function File]
 Reads *data* from vxi11 instrument

Inputs

obj is a vxi11 object.
size Number of values to read. (Default: 100).
precision precision of data.

Outputs

data The read data.
count values read.
errmsg read operation error message.

3.16.4 @octave_vxi11/fwrite

`numbytes = fwrite (obj, data)` [Function File]
`numbytes = fwrite (obj, data, precision)` [Function File]
 Writes *data* to vxi11 instrument

Inputs

obj is a vxi11 object.
data data to write.
precision precision of data.

Outputs

returns number of bytes written.

3.16.5 vxi11

`vxi11 = vxi11 (ip)` [Loadable Function]
 Open vxi11 interface.

path - the ip address of type String. If omitted defaults to '127.0.0.1'.

The `vx11()` shall return instance of `octave_vx11` class as the result *vx11*.

3.16.6 vx11_close

`vx11_close (vx11)` [Loadable Function]

Close the interface and release a file descriptor.

vx11 - instance of `octave_vx11` class.

3.16.7 vx11_read

`[data, count] = vx11_read (vx11, n)` [Loadable Function]

Read from vx11 slave device.

vx11 - instance of `octave_vx11` class.

n - number of bytes to attempt to read of type Integer.

The `vx11_read()` shall return number of bytes successfully read in *count* as Integer and the bytes themselves in *data* as uint8 array.

3.16.8 vx11_write

`n = vx11_write (vx11, data)` [Loadable Function]

Write data to a vx11 slave device.

vx11 - instance of `octave_vx11` class.

data - data to be written to the slave device. Can be either of String or uint8 type.

Upon successful completion, `vx11_write()` shall return the number of bytes written as the result *n*.

Appendix A GNU General Public License

Version 3, 29 June 2007

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The “source code” for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. “Object code” means any non-source form of a work.

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